MASSILLON DAILY INDEPENDENT.

FOURTH YEAR. MASSILLON, O., TUESDAY, JANUARY 6, 1891. PRICE TWO CENTS

Half Price

IS THE WORD
at
HUMBERGER'S
On all Holiday Goods.
This will sweep the tables.
Buy your
NEW YEAR'S GIFTS
NOW
Only half price.

HUMBERGER'S
DRY GOODS

The First National Bank.
MASSILLON, OHIO.
S. HUNT, President,
GEO. HARSH, Vice President.
C. STEESE, Cashier.
J. M. SCHUCKERS Asst. Cashier
Capital Stock and Surplus $250,000.
Interest Bearing Certificates Issued

SEE GEORGE SNYDER

Before you buy your

BOOTS AND SHOES

The Manufacturer's Accident Company,
GENEVA, N. Y.
Is Doing the Largest Business of Any Accident Company in the U. S. To-day. Our Specialty is Prompt Payment of Claims.

Mr. J. P. Patterson, the leading agricultural implement dealer of Alliance, Ohio, had two fingers of right hand dislocated December 16th; notified the company December 17th and received check for $40 in full of all demands, December 20th, 1890.

Below will be found a list of prominent business men of Alliance, Ohio, who have lately taken out policies with the General Agent, Mr. C. F. Barrett, who can be found at the office of the Prudential Insurance Company, in the Warwick Block, every evening from 7 to 9, until January 15th Look at handbills distributed to you at your home or on the street, It will pay you to invest in this company at a cost of 3½ cents a day.

John M. Stillwell, Mayor.
Harper Brosius, Postmaster.
Thos. M. Stacey, Chief of Police.
Amos W. Coates, Prop. Lever Rake Works.
Dr. J. H. Tressell.
Dr. Thomas L. Morgan,
Dr. Wm. W. Harter.
Dr. Samuel T. Keller,
Robert J. McLaughlin, Clothier,
Samuel D. Lane, Milliner.
F. J. Poto, Grain Dealer.
J. P. Patterson, Agricultural Implement Dealer.
Frank Akins, Barber.
Les Akins, Barber.
James Barnes, Butcher.
Geo. W. Holman, Grocer.
Lon Russell, Grocer.
E. S. Gilbert, Grocer.
David S. Moore, Grocer.
F. V. Cassaday, of A. S. Cassaday & Co.
James Craven, Contractor.
Henry Faubel, Blacksmith.
Alex. S. Love, of Irby & Love.
E. Underwood, Stove Dealer.
Thos. K. Cree, Sec'y Y. M. C. A.
John Townsend, Insurance Agent.
J. H. Cronin, Insurance Agent.
C. G. Johnson, Insurance Agent.
Anson S. Springer, Springer Bros.
James W. Springer, Springer Bros.
Charles Daconly, Springer Bros.
Lindley Jones, Nurseryman.
Wm. S. Dickerson, Boiler Shop.

Many other prominent business men of Alliance can be given as reference, but we feel that this list will convince any one of the high standing of the Manufacturer's Accident Indemnity Company. Any further information will be cheerfully given by C. F. BARRETT,
Gen'l Agt., Prudential Ins. Co., office, Warwick Block, Massillon.

"Homeo Tors"

The never failing remedy for malaria, and indigestion, and the best blood purifier known, may be found at the drug stores of E. S. Craig, Z. T. Baltzly and Morganthaler & Heister.

RUSSELL & CO.,

MASSILLON, OHIO,

BUILDERS OF

Plain and Automatic Engines

BOILERS,

Threshing Machines

AND ENGINES,

HORSE POWERS,

Saw Mills, Etc.

MATTHEW BROS.

HEADQUARTERS FOR

GROCERIES

—AND—

PROVISIONS.

—ALL THE—

Best Grades of Flour

BUTTER, EGGS and POULTRY a Specialty.

All lines of Goods in their Season.

Mill Feed and Bailed Hay.

No. 2 W. Tremont St.

Sweep Sale.

Preparatory to our Annual Inventory
AT THE
Massillon Bee Hive Cas Store,

We are determined as far as possible to clear out all our

Winter Goods

Before taking Acct. Stock.

Woolens of all descriptions MUST GO and we have long since learned that the way to move ANYTHING is to make the price do it. A limited number only, of the two great jobs in Ladies Newmarkets viz: $2 90 and $4 90 are still left, but

They will all go soon.

The few sets of Misses and Ladies furs still on hand will be sold at about your own price. We mean business. Try us and see. Respectfully,

ALLMAN & PUTMAN.

HAVE YOU SEEN

Hathaway's

Jewelry Store,
It is
FULL OF GOODS
HAS
The Lowest Prices
AND
Engraving Free.

COLEMAN.
THE JEWELER

New and Complete stock in all the very latest styles.

Sterling SILVERWARE,

Dozens, Half Dozens, Single pieces.

Diamonds,
Watches
Jewelry.

Largest Stock in the City

NO. 5 ERIE STREET.

REAL ESTATE BULLETIN.

For Sale—Residences

Four room house, South Erie street, corner lot $1,400
Four room (double) house, two out-kithens $2,000
Six roomed house, double lot, Richville Ave. $1500.
Five roomed house, West Oak street. Stone cellar, $600.
Four-roomed house George street, 0

For Rent.

Store room, Stone Block.
Store Room in Opera Block, now occupied by Goodhart Bros. Possession given April 1st, 1891.

Business Property.

Ninety-two feet front on Erie street, on P., Ft. W & C. Ry., and Ohio canal. Unexcelled location for manufactory.

Vacant Lots.

One lot on West Tremont street, $425
One lot on South Erie street, $600.
Two lots on Wechter street, $225.
Forty-two lots in Kent Jarvis' 2d add. $300 to $45
Nineteen lots in my Richville Ave. add., $235
One lot on South Erie street, in Julia M. Jarvis sub-division, $550.
One lot on East Main street, best lot on the street $2,100.
One lost just off West Tremont street, $800.
Six lots near the C., L. & W. and W. & L. E. railroads, $300.
also have on my list many choice Western lands for sale or exchange, and many other bargains.

Easy Terms,
Long Time,
Low Interest
CALL AND SEE ME.

JAS. R. DUNN,

E. D. Wileman,
ENGINEER & SURVEYOR,

OFFICE IN WARWICK BLOCK.

All work accurately and promptly attended to. P. O. Box, 47.
Real Estate bought, sold and exchanged.

Don't you hear the north wind blowing,
Don't you hear the rooster crowing
"Bargains at WHITMAN'S great store"
Only this and nothing more.

When his goods you once behold,
You will wish for wealth untold,
For there's nothing can compare,
With the bargains offered there.

'Tis not strange the rooster's crowing,
For so fast the goods are going.
Come along and you will find
Prices suited to your mind.

Yes you will find yourself very easily suited at

C. M. Whitman's,
One Price Clothing House.

The Finest Cheviot Suit in the city for $20.00

MADE TO ORDER.

DIELEHNN'S MAMMOTH DOUBLE STORE.

Nos. 11 E. Main, and 6 South Erie Streets
MASSILLON, O.

ERHARD & SCHIMKE.

BREWERS AND BOTTLERS.

MASSLLON, O.

1890 WE LEAD 1890

Holiday Goods Received Daily

An endless variety of Fine Parlor Suits, Chamber Suits, Cylinder Book Cases, Ladies Catinets and Desks, Music Cabinets, Foot Rests, Fine Polished Tables, Polished Oak Rockers,
MANY STYLES TO SELECT FROM,
All of which will be sold at the very lowest cash prices. Call and examine and be convinced that whatwe say is no humbug.

WILLAMAN & HIGERD,
42 and 44 South Erie Street,

THEY ARE CHEAP AND ALL THE RAGE,

BLACK CHEVIOTS.

We have them in all the different weaves, also a

Choice Line of New Woolens

Of the very latest styles, which we are making up at very popular prices.

LOWE THE TAILOR, OPERA BLOCK, SECOND FLOOR.

THE

WEST SIDE GROCERY

Is the best place to purchase anything and everything in the

Grocery
—AND—
Provision

Line. In addition to the especial convenience to those who live west of the river, we make prices that make it an object to come from all corners of the city.
Goods may be ordered by telephone, and will be promptly delivered.

ED. HERING,
132 and 134, West Tremont Street.
MASSILLON, O.

GO TO

The Enterprise

Where you will find the best assortment of

STAND and SWING LAMPS

In the city and the

Prices the Very Lowest.

We also offer for the holiday trade

Handsomely Decorated 12piece Chamber Sets for $4.50

Also a full and complete line of

Staple and Fancy Groceries.

And our price always the lowest.

Wm. A. PIETZCKER.

No. 1, West Main Street.

TO THE PUBLIC.

JAN KEE

Formerly with Tun Kee in the Minich block and No. 1 East Tremont street. has started a first-class
New Laundry at No. 45 East Main Street
Where he will be prepared to show to the public the finest work in his line. He has the latest improved machinery.
New Shirts, 15c, 2 for 25c Shirts, 10c. Collars, 2c Ladies Collars, 2 for 5c. Cuffs, 4c.

THE UNION NATIONAL BANK.

JOSEPH COLEMAN, President,
J. H. Hunt, Cashier.
Does a General Banking Business
Interest paying Certificates of Deposit Issued.
South Erie Street,
MASSILLON OHIO

The Best Goods Ever Offered for the Money.

Boys' Kaiser Caps,
Boys' Mufflers,
Men's Natural Wool Hose,
Men's Scarlet Hose,
Men's Cashmere Hose,
Two Pair Wool Hose,

25 CTS.

Boys' Solid Wool Mits,
Boys' Cashmere Gloves,
Men's Wool Mits,
Men's clouded underwear
Men's White Underwear
Men's Chore Gloves,

SPANGLER & CO., HATTERS

SALMAGUNDI.

TO-DAY'S DOINGS IN THIS TOWN

Personal Notes and Brief Mention of Many Things.

THE WEATHER—For Ohio—Light snows and stationary temperature.

Mr. W. F. Ricks is in Washington.

Miss Kate Rohr is visiting in Richville.

Mrs. J. R Dunn left yesterday for New York.

Mrs. Jacob Kline is visiting relatives in Akron.

Dr. George Ess has returned to Columbus.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. Henry Snyder, a daughter.

Mr. Warren E. Russell beft to-day for Salt Lake City.

C. C. Miller, of Akron, was in town for a short time to day.

Miss Frances Lab is visiting at Mrs. Waechter's, Front street.

George Schultz with his family is visiting his old home, Dalton.

Clarence Dielhenn has returned to Cleveland, to attend college.

The council report and local news will be found on the fourth page.

Mrs. Annie Shull Nettleton, of Osnaburg, is in the city visiting friends.

A. Mort, of the firm of Mort & Patterson, is in Akron on a business trip.

Isaac Marks left this morning for Bellaire on a business and plessure trip.

Ira A. Leighley left yesterday, to resume his studies at Ann Arbor, Mich.

Miss Mary Ellison, of Cleveland, is the guest of her aunt, Mrs. W. H. Vincent.

Rush Miller and Albert Wetter have gone back to their books, in Cleveland.

Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Wilcox have come back from a holiday trip to Louisville, Ky.

No word has come from Charles A Conrad to-day. Sunday night he rested poorly.

E. G. Willison entertained his parents and other members of the family at supper yesterday.

The board of directors of the Holcomb club will meet at Rudolph's store at 7 o'clock this evening.

Mrs. J. A. Hackett, daughter Carrie and Charles Hackett have returned from their visit to Loudonville.

Misses Rosa Winholts and Rickey Rutter are visiting their cousin, Mr. Geo. Gribble, at Ragersville, O.

Hydraulic Engineer H. F. Dunham, of Cleveland, was in consultation with Superintendent Wade, last night.

The young married people who style themselves the "Pleasure Club" will dance to-night in Bammerlin's hall.

Jacob Stuhldreher, of Youngstown, and John Stuhldreher, of Nebraska, are in the city, guests of Officer Kitchen.

The Woman's Auxiliary of St. Timothy's church will meet in the vestry room Wednesday afternoon, at half past 2 o'clock.

George W. Wilhelm, member of the state board of equalization, was in the city this morning, on his way to Columbus. The board meets this afternoon.

The funeral of Mrs. Catherine Jacoby, which took place yesterday, was conducted in English by the Dr. N. P. Bailey, and in German by the Rev. O. W. Schettler.

After the rope transmission gearing in Russell & Co.'s boiler, blacksmith and automatic engine shop had been re-arranged last night, the line shafting broke, thus throwing about 200 men out of work for another day.

A land slide occurred Saturday evening on the W. & L. E. road near Rush Run, south. The track was covered nine feet need for a distance of fifteen feet. Trains are running through to Steubenville to-day.

The Russell Magazine Club has been organized by sixteen members, principally of Russell & Co.'s office force. The object of the organization is to obtain for the common use fifteen of the leading magazines and reviews.

A civil action in which Fred Wendling was plaintiff and John B. Russell defendant, was tried in court at Canton yesterday. The plaintiff claimed $44.07 due on partnership settlement, and got judgment for that amount.

The attending physician in the case of Martin Nye predicts that far from being helpless all his days, he will be able to walk, and serve himself. It will take time, of course, to so strengthen the broken back, but every element in the situation augurs well.

Monday morning the Wheeling & Lake Erie railroad made connections with the C., L. & W. and Wheeling terminal railroads at Martin's Ferry. The track was laid during the preceding night along the pike in front of Burlington. Their engines can run into Weeling now.—Flushing News.

About fifty people and 500 chairs were visible when the curtain rose for the first act of "A Tattoo Mark" at Bucher's last night. The play possesses no merit whatever, and the players very little. The company rented the opera house for the evening—it was not one of the managements regular bookings.

W. B. and Frank O. Humberger this morning bought of L. A. Koons, the nominal owner, the plant of the Massillon Machine Company, corner of Main and West streets, the consideration being $2,800. The purchasers have not signified their intentions as to the disposition they will make of the property. The plant is a valuable one and was bought at a very low figure.

The "Tattoo Mark" Company, which played at Bucher's last night, will remain in the city a day or two, the delay being occasioned through the bibulous characteristics of their advance man who neglected to bill Canton and Akron, the next two stops. Later—The manager decided, late this afternoon, to disband the company, claiming the advance agent has cost him seve al thousand dollars. The members were paid off and departed for their respective homes.

NOW READY TO DO WORK.

THE BOARD OF TRADE ELECTS A COMPLETE SET OF OFFICERS

Mr. Warwick Disposed to Draw Politics Into the Meeting—Everything Harmonious and in First Class Running Order.

A meeting of the board of trade, which was not numerously attended but was entertaining in the superlative degree, was held in the mayor's court room last night.

Jos. Coleman called the board to order and stated that he would preside at the request of President Howells.

The minutes of the last meeting were read and approved, and J. G. Warwick arose to state that he was opposed to the action taken by a former meeting in amending Section 4 of the improvement bond bill so as to provide for the naming of the six trustees by the board of trade, instead of allowing the names of S. A. Conrad, J. W. McClymonds, P. Sailer, O. E. Young, F. Willenborg and W. K. L. Warwick, names suggested in the original draft of the bill as prepared by Senator Howells, to remain for incorporation in the act, to be passed by the legislature. He wanted the trustees to be non partisan; was opposed to changing the trustees annually, and argued that the trustees would probably not be a long time in spending the $50,000.

F. H. Snyder moved that the trustees consist of three Republicans and three Democrats.

J. H. Hunt spoke in favor of a non-partisan board, but didn't think it proper to name Republicans and Democrats as the Prohibitionists or Greenbackers might claim representation, and afterwards said if politics was mentioned it would look to the outside world as if politics was paramount to the city's interests.

D. Atwater moved to amend Mr. Snyder's motion to read non partisan instead of Republican and Democratic.

An animated discussion took place on the question as to whether the board was proceeding properly with its business, parliamentary law and the rules being talked about by the Rev. C. C. Smith, J. C. Haring, J. G. Warwick, A. Howells, Wm. McMillan and the chairman.

Mr. Howells regretted that he was innocently the cause of the trouble in deciding how the trustees should be chosen, as it was his idea, carried into action, to name the trustees in the bill, and Mr. Corns, Mr. Hemperly and others concurred with him. There should be no change, he said, in the trustees as long as the fund lasted.

The motion of Mr. Snyder and amendment of Mr. Atwater were withdrawn.

Mr. McMillan moved to reconsider the amendment to Section 4 as to the manner of selecting the trustees by the board, which would leave the six names remain as stated. Mr. Howells followed with a motion that the said amendment be stricken out, both of which were adopted.

F. H. Snyder moved to amend Section 4 by striking out the names mentioned for trustees and that the chairman appoint one Republican and one Democrat to name six trustees.

Mr. Warwick opposed the motion and referred to the political complexion of the board of trustees saying that he wanted it non-partisan and had come specially for that purpose. He understood there was a mugwump among the names and that he was a good citizen.

Mr. Hunt called attention to the fact that four Democrats were named of the six, but that he was perfectly satisfied with all the gentlemen.

Mr. Warwick replied with heat, "That's just where we wanted you," and intimated that his opponents in politics had started the business in that direction.

Mr. Snyder's motion was adopted and the chair appointed F. H. Snyder and R. W. McCaughey as the committee.

While the committee was out the following persons were nominated and elected by the board, the secretary being instructed to cast the ballot: President, A. Howells; first vice president, W. F. Ricks; second vice president, Jos. Coleman; treasurer, J. H. Hunt.

The committee on naming trustees reported the following, which was adopted: J. W. McClymonds, S. A. Conrad, W. K. L. Warwick, F. Willenborg, Jos. Coleman and O. E. Young.

The names of seventeen persons were presented for members of the executive board, the following twelve being elected on the first ballot: F. H. Snyder, Jos. Corns, David Reed, D. Hemperly, C. A. Gates, H. C. Dielhenn, K. F. Erhard, G. L. Albrecht, W. B. Humberger, John A. Shoemaker, Dr. T J. Reed and P. G. Albright. The other persons nominated were: C. M. Whitman, F. Hookway, P. Gribble, A. Boerner and J. F. Pocock.

Mr. Coleman's choice as one of the board trustees made it necessary for him to immediately resign the office of second vice president, which he did, R. W. McCaughey being elected to fill the vacancy.

On motion the board adjourned to meet the first Thursday in February.

Immediately after the adjournment of the board the executive committee met, elected Prof. E. A. Jones secretary, and adjourned.

At the Poultry Show.

In addition to the awards at the Canton pet stock exhibition, heretofore announced, Mr. H. T. Beatty, of this city, recived the following:

Golden wyandottes: 1st on pullet, 2nd and 3d on cockerels, 2nd on breeding pen; Silver wyandottes: 1st and 3d on cockerels, 1st and 3d on pullets, 3d on cock and 2nd on breeding pen, and 3 specials, making 13 prizes on 17 birds.

IN BUSINESS TROUBLE.

THE DUEBER WORKS IN THE HANDS OF AN ASSIGNEE.

Howard Douglass, of Cincinnati, in Charge—Manager Moore and Judge Day Unite in Saying that the Trouble is Temporary.

CANTON, Jan. 6.—The Dueber Watch Case Manufacturing Company has made an assignment. Mr. Howard Douglass, a Cincinnati lawyer, counsel of the Dueber Watch Case Manufacturing Company for years past, is the assignee. After the news reached Canton it transpired that preferences and mortgages had been filed with Recorder Dougherty in the afternoon.

A reporter called at the residence of Col. W. A. Moore, business manager of the Dueber Company, last night, after 10 o'clock. He was asked as to the truth of the report. He said it was doubtless correct. At 5 o'clock Monday afternoon preferences and mortgages had been recorded in Canton and at Newport, Ky., for $217,000.

The company did not have a dollar of debt that was overdue. The preferences were made to secure the Union National Bank of Cleveland for $100,000; the Euclid Avenue National Bank of Cleveland for $40,000; Ohio Valley Bank of Cincinnati, $40,000; First National Bank of Canton, $7,000; George D. Harter & Bro., of Canton, $10,000; German National Bank of Newport, Ky., $10,000; Lepper, Wade & Co., Cincinnati, $10,000. Colonel Moore said the embarassment, which he thought would be temporary, had been caused by reports circulated about the business of the company during the stringency of the money market. The assignment was made to protect the company, as well as creditors. The preferences above included the greater part of the indebtedness.

The mortgages alone, given by John C. Dueber, president of the company, covered over $600.000. The Hampden Watch Company had made no assignment. The Dueber Company had three dollars assets for every dollar of liabilities. The Hampden Company had four dollars assets for every dollar of liabilities. That Mr. Dueber owns a controlling interest in the Hampden Company. He valued that interest now at a half million dollars. He had bought it from Mr. Charles D. Rood, three years ago, for $350,000. Of this amount $250,- has been paid in cash. The total indebtedness of the Dueber Watch Case Manufacturing Company is something over $300,000. Col. Moore said that no one who had a dollar coming from the company need worry. That every cent would be paid in full. When asked as to the Hampden Company he said he could not speak for that concern, but it was perfectly solid.

Replying to a question as to how long he thought the works would be idle, he announced that he thought they would resume active operations again in a short time. Assignee Douglas would be in Canton Wednesday. He expected to act as agent in charge, for that gentleman. A placard had been posted at the factory last night that the works were closed for further inventory by the assignee. This would probably be finished in a week or two. He said his company had been paying out about $30,000 in Canton for employes and material, the pay rolls for the two factories being over $20,000 a week, The business had always made money. But for unexpected heavy payments demanded this month the company would have easily passed through all its embarassments. He said Judge William R. Day would be the attorney for Assignee Douglass.

Judge Day was found at his home in North Market street. "It was a startling surprise to me," said the Judge, "until I learned the condition of affairs, which is such that but for the financial stringency which has been prevailing in all the money markets, it would certainly have occasioned no assignment. In my opinion the failure means no serious danger to the watch business of Canton. Mr. Douglass, the assignee, whom I understand will be here Wednesday, will likely get an order from the Probate court to put the factory in operation at once and run it to full capacity. No, I see no occasion for any gloom in Canton over this affair, for I am very confident the troubles will be of short duration."

P. G. Albright, has been appointed administrator of the estate of G. Liv. Ryder, of Massillon.

Ellen M. Brown has been appointed administratrix of the estate of Moses A. Brown, of Massillon.

Senator Zimmerman's Successor.

Special Dispatch to The Independent.

WOOSTER, Jan. 6.—Dr. Hughart, of this city, was nominated for state senator this afternoon, to fill the vacancy from the Seventeenth District, caused by the death of Senator John Zimmerman. The Republicans have not as yet made any arrangements for the selection of a candidate. The district is so strongly Democratic the election of a Republican is almost hopeless.

All Indians to Surrender.

Special Dispatch to The Independent.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 6.—Gen. Schofield has received a message from Gen. Miles in which he says that the prospects are for the surrender of all Indians. Negotiations are now in progress looking to to that result.

MASSILLON INDEPENDENT.

WEEKLY ESTABLISHED IN 1863.]
[DAILY ESTABLISHED 1887.]
PUBLISHED BY
The Independent Company.
Independent Building,
No. 20 E. Main Street
MASSILLON, - - - OHIO.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

DAILY.

One Year	$5 00
Six Months	2 50
Three Months	1 25

WEEKLY.

One Year	$1 00
Six Months	.75
Three Months	.50

The Independent's Telephone No. is 43

TUESDAY, JANUARY 6, 1891

This Date in History—Jan. 6.

1806—Birth of Richard II, king of England; died 1400.
1402—Birth of Joan of Arc, Maid of Orleans; burned at the stake in 1431.
1649—Charles I impeached for high treason for having made war upon parliament and English people; executed on Jan. 30.
1781—The French defeated in an attack upon the Island of Jersey, in the English channel, famous as the refuge of French imperialists.
1857—State capitol of Vermont, at Montpelier, totally destroyed by fire.
1885—Governor Grover Cleveland, of New York, resigned, and Lieutenant Governor Hill sworn in as his successor.
1889—News of repulse of natives by Germans at Samoa received.

The people of this town do not propose to devote their entire time, after election, as well as before, to splitting hairs.

The people of Massillon wish that the most hopeful anticipations of those acquainted with Mr. Dueber's business affairs, may be wholly realized, and they will be only less thankful than the people of Canton, if the present embarassment turns out to be but a passing cloud.

No one thought of polities in the board trade, until the distinguished congressman-elect suggested it. The distinguisned congressman-elect is afflicted with a political disease which makes him so extremely sensitive that he sees politics in the northeast wind, and the twinkling stars, and the babbling brooks. But the board of trade is all right, its officers are all right and again to quote that magnificent epic of the New York Sun:

"We may be happy yet;
You bet!"

What does the Cleveland, Lorain & Wheeling railroad propose to do about it? Poor Al Griswold is dead. THE INDEPENDENT described the manner of it, over two years ago. The unhappy mother has followed the husband, who lost his life in the discharge of a duty by which the death of others and the loss of property were averted. The little ones are homeless, and they are penniless One is almost blind. Will the railroad corporation, owned principally by an estate worth millions, permit the children of the faithful employe to become objects of charity?

Prof. Huxley claims for himself the credit of coining the word agnostic and its correlate, agnosticism. Says he:

"It is my trade mark, and I am entitled to say that I can state authentically what was originally meant by agnosticism. Agnosticism is the essence of science, whether ancient or modern. It simply means that a man shall not say he knows or believes that which he has no scientific grounds for professing to know or believe."

Proceeding upon this definition, it is difficult to discover why the Rev. Howard MacQueary is not already an agnostic, although he enters a disclaimer. There is a misapprehension, by the way, as to the nature of Mr. MacQueary's trial. The rector's findings are not under consideration, except incidentally. The fact of their promulgation from an Episcopal pulpit is the ground of the complaint.

THE INDEPENDENT is in entire accord with Senator Howells in his regret that he innocently precipitated an unpleasant discussion in the board of trade, last night, by having named the improvement bond trustees in the original draft of the bill. Though probably not so intended, this seemed like an unwillingness to allow the full board to choose its own executive officers; and therefore, the amendment making it the duty of the board to elect the trustees, which so unnecessarily agitated Mr. John G. Warwick. The board is a unit in its determination to improve the city, and there is no ground for complaint by anybody with the personnel of the board of trade's officers; including the board of trustees. Everything now promises well, and results will accrue, if we keep on, in the same direction, yielding personal inclination, now and then, to the common will.

The Ohio Farmer is frequently the vehicle for a good deal of practical tariff talk. For instance, in a recent issue, a correspondent wrote:

"The duty on sugar has run up to $70,000,000 a year, or $1.10 per capita. Yet who ever heard of a tariff-for-revenue man advocating free sugar. The Mills bill took off the $6,000,000 duties on wool, and left the $60,000,000 on sugar. The one would destroy a great and necessary industry; the other would not injure the sugar industry, but under the bounty system would encourage it."

CARL DUNDER.

"Nobody Vhas Two Times Alike in This Country."

"Well, where have you been for the last three months?" queried Sergt. Bendall yesterday, as Carl Dunder softly opened the door of the Woodbridge street station about a foot and squeezed through the aperture.

"Oh, I vhas keeping quiet. I like to shpeak to you a few words today."

"All right."

"Der odder day a man comes py my place und plays me a game of dominoes und says his name vhas Shon White. Dot makes no deeference to me if he vhas Sheorge Washington. He must pay me shust so queek or I knock him out."

"Of course."

"Vhell, he pays me und seems like a decent fellow, und pooty soon he says he has a check on der bank und likes me to go and say he vhas Shon White."

"And you went?"

"Vhell, I like to oblige."

"And you identified him?"

"Vhell, vhen I knows he vhas Shon White how could I help it? Dot vhas a bogus check for feefteen dollar, und I haf to pay it. I doan' see how it vhas."

"Um! Anything more?"

"Somepody doan' play me dot vhay again. My eye teeth vhas cut awfully queek. In two days a fellow comes along mit a subscription paper. He says he likes me to put down a dollar for der poor. I ask him for his name, und he says he vhas Peter Davis. Sergeant, you should see me knock him oafer der middle of last Shuly."

"Yes, and you'll have to pay for it, He was at the police court this morning to get a warrant for you."

"A warrant for me! But he vhas a shwindler!"

"Oh, no, he wasn't; he was all right."

"Vhell, I might ash vhell shump into der rifer. How vhas I to tell aboudt dings? Nothings vhas two times alike."

"Anything else?"

"Vhell, you see, a man comes in my place mit a package und says vhas I Carl Dunder. I vhas. Here vhas some oxpress from Chicago, und he haf to collect $3. Vhas dot all right, sergeant?"

"Looks that way."

"Of course she does, but after he goes avhay und I open dot package I find some brickbats in it. He vhas an awful schwindler."

"But you ought to have spotted him."

"Oh, yes! Spots vhas all right! In two days how vhas she? In shust two days vhas you believe?"

"Well?"

"Vhell, some ouder man's come in mit a package und says vhas my name Carl Dunder. Yes. He haf some package for me from Noo York, und I haf to pay $1. Sergeant, I shumps on dot man und knocks him so cold dot his own uncle doan know him und beliefs he vhas a young man from Troy."

"Then you spotted him?"

"Spots! Spots! Yes, I see some spots! He belongs by der regular oxpress company, und he vhas going to sue me for fife tousand dollars! Can you see how she vhas? One time it vhas all wrong, und der next time it vhas all right. Nopody vhas two times alike in dis country, und I now bid you good-by."

"Going away?"

"No matter. I vhas seexteen years in dis country, und all der time I vhas in some mistakes. I vhas now played out. If you doan' see me some more times remember dot I doan' mean to do it, but der country vhas to blame."—Detroit Free Press.

A Sure Cure.

"I believe you have a son, madam," said the seedy looking person who stood between the lady of the house and the back yard.

"Well, what consarn of your'n is it if I have twenty sons?"

"The interests of the human race, madam, are my interests. Your son is at this moment on the cigarette route to destruction. You have heard of Professor Koch's cure for consumption, I surmise?"

"I have."

The seedy one struck a Liberty-enlightening-the-world attitude and said: "And I, madam, have discovered a cure for cigarette consumption. It is a secret that I keep locked in my overcoat breast pocket. But common humanity demands that I save your son from his fate. I am essentially an after dinner speaker, however."

The woman gave him a square meal, and after the chap had distended himself to a terrible degree he wrote a few magic words on a piece of paper, breathed on it, and gave it to his hostess with the monition: "Open it in three minutes. It is a sure cure. Good-by." Then he went away quickly.

The paper, when opened, disclosed the words, "Kill the boy."

But the philanthropist had drifted thence.—St. Joseph News.

One Reason.

"I wonder why it is that old violins are more valuable than others?" said Quericle.

"I don't know," replied De Kicque, "unless they have gotten out of order so that nobody can play on them."—Washington Post.

Boys' watches for from $4.50 to $6.00 at Von Kanel's.

THE COWBOY IS NO MORE

HE FLOURISHED ALONG THE GREAT CATTLE TRAIL.

But Both Trail and Cowboy Have Succumbed to Railways and Wire Fences. Close of a Romantic Era in the Southwest.

[Copyright by American Press Association.]

The strangest path ever made on the surface of America, a hard beaten highway without fence or toll gate to define it, a chocolate colored strip of earth lying like a broad band upon the green sod connecting two states and crossing a territory—that is the old Texas and Kansas cattle trail. It has seen more deeds of daring and more suffering than perhaps any other portion of the west's domain. It has formed the theme of many a story, but it will soon be obliterated by the springing grasses, for the penetration of railroads into all sections of the feeding grounds and the settling of Oklahoma have put an end to the usefulness of the drive, and with last fall's shipments the last herd has probably "dragged its slow length along" over the course.

A SCENE ON THE TRAIL.

Of the trails connecting Kansas and Texas the best known was the "Chisholm trail," so called after a semi-civilized Indian who first followed it. Then there was the "old Shawnee trail," leaving the Red river and running eastward, crossing the Arkansas near Fort Gibson, thence bending eastward with the Arkansas valley. The scores of thousands of cattle going over the Shawnee trail annually made it as barren as a city street, and it could be seen for miles, marked by bleaching bones of animals which had died on the way.

Strange as it may seem, even wild Texas cattle become, after a few days on the road, as orderly as soldiers. Certain cattle take the lead, others select particular places in the line, others bring up the rear, and day after day the same cattle can be seen in the same places trudging patiently forward. For five or six miles the long herds stretch out, the cowboys riding along by the side, guiding the leaders and keeping stragglers in line. But there is little to do. The leaders easily, and without hesitation, cross the smaller streams, and pay but little attention to the rivers. Fearlessly they plunge in, and the long line of bobbing horns can be seen above the placid waters as the swimming animals make for the opposite bank.

The moment a stampede occurs the cowboy dashes for the leaders. Through darkness and rain, over rough or even ground he tears along beside them, swerving them always in one direction until at last a circle is formed, and the whole herd is thundering on in a ring-like course. Then music lends its charm to soothe. The terrified steers are quieted by the sound of their herders' voices, and if the storm is not too loud the musical cry of the cowboys may be distinguished ringing out above the noise of the trampling hoofs. It is a wild sound—a halting, then rising lullaby, such as one might croon to himself in time of lonesomeness or danger. "Milling," as the circular race of the cattle is called, can be stopped in no other manner unless by sheer exhaustion.

On a drive which the writer witnessed one long, gaunt Texan, McLain, or "Sandy," as he was more frequently called, surprised us all. In "cutting out" the cattle and preparing for the start he was fairly overflowing with profanity. He cursed at everything and nothing, and was looked upon as a hardened sinner from the toughest part of Texas. But with the first stampede he rose to the occasion. When the cattle had been "milled" there was heard off on the right a stentorian voice roaring out in high tenor a sweet lullaby that made every fellow's thoughts turn to the old home days. Who could be singing it? On rushed the wild animals through the darkness and rain, but the singer continued. From the lullaby he branched into church songs and hymns.

A MEXICAN COWBOY.

Clear and resonant the tones spread over the prairie, and for half a mile every note could be distinguished even above the muffled patter of the steers' hoofs on the sod. Verse after verse, hymn after hymn he went on, and the other boys, now stationed at rest waiting for the revolving circle of animal life to stop, one by one took up the words until the herd was surrounded by a chorus of music, crude but tender. It was a chorus never to be forgotten, and when, after the animals had become quiet, and had gone to grazing before lying down again, the cowboys all rode toward the leader, each keeping up the refrain of their latest song, "Home, Sweet Home," they found that the strong lunged singer was Sandy. They were twenty miles from their camp, and were in the midst of a driving storm, but the words of cheer and graciousness they had uttered made all of them more thoughtful and contented than they had been for months.

But the herd did not forget its experience. "Once stampeded, always stampeded," is the cattle man's motto. A score of long legged beeves seemed possessed of a chronic fright, and upon every possible occasion made a start. They had rather run than eat, and upon the slightest pretext were off, ready to exhibit their speed and "raise Cain" with the herders and the herd. From one of their successful attempts at deviltry grew an exhibition of another of Sandy's good traits.

In the prairie schooner which followed the herd to bring food and cooking utensils were the wife and daughter of the cook of the party. The child was but just turned three, and was a great favorite with Sandy. He would take the little one before him on his horse, and carry her for an hour while riding alongside the herd.

One pleasant autumn evening the cattle were eating peacefully on the north bank of the Cimarron. Suddenly the flight of a flock of wild turkeys frightened them, and a stampede began. Sandy was near the camp and sprang to his saddle.

"Where is baby?" the mother cried, running to the side of his horse.

Anxiously they scanned the prairie, and away to the westward, in the direct path of the snorting beasts, appeared the little toddler who had strayed away.

It seemed death to attempt a rescue, but Sandy did not hesitate, and driving his spurs deep into his horse's flanks he was away. Faster and with increased force the great herd gathered speed, and soon the plain was a sea of horns moving on the mite of humanity and its flying rescuer. The other cowboys held their breaths almost, expecting at every moment to see the rider overtaken and crushed into a shapeless mass.

But his wide brimmed sombrero still was seen just in advance of the leaders and nearing the baby. As he approached the child he leaned far down in the saddle, and without slackening pace wound his arm about the tiny form, lifting it to his side. Then on and on, for the bellowing herd was behind. A mile or more of hard racing enabled him to get outside the line, and rest his weary horse and quiet the frightened child.

It was but an incident in his life, and yet it proved the inherent nobility of the "terrors of the plains," who, when indulging in their revelries at the shipping towns, held life to be the cheapest of commodities.

SANDY'S RIDE TO THE RESCUE.

With the grassing over of the famous trails there will be little reminder left of this unique feature of western life. The great plains are fast disappearing. Wire fences inclose the ranches, and railroads reach to the uttermost parts of the herding grounds. Cattle raising has become a tame and speculative affair, and the occupation of the typical cowboy is gone. Dodge City and Abilene are now pleasant country towns, showing no marks of deserving their old titles, "the wickedest cities in the west." The new civilization has replaced the old.

CHARLES MOREAU HARGER.

Policemen No Match for a Pig.

Three Philadelphia policemen had an amusing combat with a large and refractory hog in one of the principal streets of that city recently. The porker proved himself to be a master in lightning side rushes and lunges, and when, after placing two of the officers on their backs in the street, he ran between Policeman Hart's legs and treated him to an airy somersault the three guardians of the peace retired to the corner to hold a council of war, leaving the pig undisputed master of the field. At length the patrol wagon was summoned, and with the aid of some citizens the patrolmen overpowered the porcine monster and bundled him into the wagon.

Showering an Actress with Coin.

That old time theatrical manager Col. Jack Haverly has for the last few years been a resident of the effusive and emotional republic of Mexico. Naturally Col. Jack was somewhat affected by his environment, and when he visited Louisville recently he "blew off steam" in true tropical style. At the theatre one evening the dancing and singing of a pretty actress so delighted him that he undid a bag of silver coin and sent the shining disks flying over the stage. This unusual form of complimenting a performer created a bit of a sensation. As a local writer said, "It might have gone in Mexico, but it isn't customary here."

Handsomely Rewarded for Politeness.

Politeness costs nothing and sometimes it pays "big money." Mr. Hughes, a millionaire of Allegheny City who died recently, bequeathed $10,000 to a bartender at Green's hotel in Philadelphia. The reason for the bequest was that whenever he visited the Quaker City the drink mixer had always treated him "with politeness and respect."

The latest conjurers' box trick, performed by Hertz, in London, manacles a man, padlocks him to a board and suspends him in mid air. Curtains are then drawn around him, but not reaching within several feet of the ground. In a few seconds a woman is found in the place of the man, and the man is in the audience.

THE MARKETS.

New York Money Market.

NEW YORK, Jan. 6.

Money closed at 4 per cent., highest, 5; lowest, 3 per cent.

Exchange closed higher; posted rates, $4.82 @4.86; actual rates, $4.80@4.80½ for sixty days and $4.85½ for demand.

Government bonds closed steady; currency 6's, 1.19 bid; 4's coupon, 1.21 bid; 4½'s do, 1.03¾ bid.

Pacific railroad bonds closed as follows: Union firsts, 1.15⅝ bid; sinking funds, 1.08 bid; Centrals, 1.14⅞ bid.

New York Produce Market.

NEW YORK, Jan. 6.

FLOUR—Closed steady; fine grades of spring, $2.65@3.25; do winter, $2.90@3.35; superfine spring, $3.15@3.50; do winter, $3.25@3.65; extra No. 1 spring, $3.75@5.10; do winter, $4.00@5.00; extra No. 2 spring, $3.40 3.90; do winter, $3.50@4.00; city mill extras, $5.10@5.25 for West Indies; southern flour closed steady; trade and family extras, $4.00@5.00.

BUTTER—Quiet and steady; eastern creamery, 26@29c; western do, 20@28½c.

CHEESE—Dull; factory New York cheddar, 9¼@9¾c; western flat, 8½@9¼c.

EGGS—Steady; fresh eastern firsts, 30@31c; western firsts, 29@30c; Canadian firsts, limed, 23@23½c.

SUGAR—Raw quiet; 96 deg. test centrifugal, 5¼c; fair refining, 4 9-16c; refined quiet; cutloaf and crushed, 6½c; powdered, 6.18c; granulated, 5.94c; cubes, 6.06c; mould A, 6c; confectioners' standard A, 5.69c; candy A, 5⅝c; extra C, 5@ 5.06c; golden C, 4¾@4⅞c.

COFFEE—Dull but firm; fair Rio, cargoes, 20c; futures closed quiet but firm.

Chicago Market.

CHICAGO, Jan. 6.

WHEAT—Closed strong and ⅝c higher on report of ten boat loads being taken for export at Baltimore.

CORN—After ruling weak and lower in the early trading, became strong and advanced rapidly on a rumor, which, however, proved unfounded, that the Dodge figures were out and were very bullish. The market settled back from the top figures, but recovered during the last hour and closed ⅛ to ¼c higher than Saturday.

OATS—There was a fair trade in oats at a shade better prices.

PROVISIONS—Were strong in sympathy with the better condition of the hog market. The shorts were apparently the most anxious buyers. Pork gained 27½c, lard 5 to 7½c and ribs 12½c.

Pittsburg Markets.

PITTSBURG, Jan. 6.

APPLES—$5.00@6.00 per barrel.

BUTTER—Creamery, Elgin, 31@32c; Ohio do, 28@29c; common country butter, 10@15c; choice country rolls, 18@20c; fancy country rolls, 23@25c.

CHEESE—Ohio cheese, fall make, 10½c; New York cheese, 10½@11c; Limburger, 13½@ 14c; domestic Sweitzer, 12@13c; Wisconsin brick Sweitzer, 14c; imported Sweitzer, 27½c.

EGGS—20@21c for Western stock; 26@28c for strictly fresh nearby eggs.

POULTRY—Alive—Chickens, young, 35@ 50c; old, 55@65c; turkeys, 13@14c per pound; ducks, 60@75c per pair; geese, choice, $1.25@ 1.30 per pair. Dressed—Turkeys, 15@17c per pound; ducks, 14@15c per pound; chickens, 11@12c; geese, 8@9c.

VEGETABLES—Potatoes, $1.00@1.25 per bushel; southern sweets, $2.25@2.75 per barrel; Jersey, $3.50@4.00; kiln dried, $4.00 per barrel; cabbage, $7.50@8.00 per hundred; onions, $3.00 per barrel; celery, 40@60c per dozen bunches; parsnips, 35c per dozen; carrots, 35c per dozen; parsley, 10c per dozen; spinach, 70c per bushel; horseradish, 50@75c per dozen.

WHEAT—No. 2 red, $1.00@1.01; No. 3, 97@ 98c.

CORN—No. 1 old, shelled, 60@61c; No. 2, 57@ 58c; high mixed, 56@57c; mixed, 55@56c; new No. 2 yellow shelled corn, 55@56c; new high mixed, 54@55c; No. 2 yellow ear corn, old, 67@ 68c; new No. 2 y. e. corn, 62½@63c; new high mixed ear corn, 58@59c.

OATS—No. 1, 50@51c; No. 2 white, 49@50c; extra No. 3, 47@48c; mixed oats, 46@47c.

FLOUR—Jobbing prices—Fancy spring and winter patent flour, $5.75@6.00; fancy straight winter, $4.85@5.15; fancy straight spring, $4.85 @5.15; clear winter, $4.75@5.00; straight XXXX bakers', $4.50@4.75. Rye flour, $4.00@ 4.25. Buckwheat flour, 2¼@3c per pound.

HAY—Baled timothy, choice, $10.50@10.75; No. 1, $9.50@10.00; No. 2 do, $8.00@8.50; loose from wagon, $12.00@14 00, according to quality; No. 2 prairie hay, $7.25@7.50; packing do, $7.00 @7.25.

East Liberty Cattle Market.

EAST LIBERTY, PA., Jan. 6.

CATTLE—Receipts, 2,701 head; shipments, 1,264 head; market active at last week's prices. Fifteen cars cattle shipped to New York.

HOGS—Receipts, 8,200 head; shipments, 6,500 head; market firm; Philadelphias, $3.80@3.90; Yorkers, $3.50@3.70. Eighteen cars of hogs shipped to New York.

SHEEP—Receipts, 4,500 head; shipments, 1,600 head; market active at last week's prices.

The Massillon Market.

Farmers are receiving the following prices to-day, January 6.

Wheat, per bu	90-93
Oats " "	45-47
Corn " "	60-65
Potatoes per bu	1 15
Butter per lb	20
Eggs per doz	20

Founder of Negro Minstrelsy Dead.

NEW YORK, Jan. 6.—Charles White, the father of negro minstrelsy, died here of pneumonia. Deceased was 69 years old, and leaves a wife but no children. He will be buried by the order of Elks.

VICTIMIZED.

A Stranger Has an Easy Time of it in an Ohio Town.

YOUNGSTOWN, O., Jan. 6.—During the past month a smooth talker named E. C. Linn visited Niles and organized a branch of the St. Paul Savings and Investment society, which he claimed was a gilt-edged organization with a paid-up capital of $200,000. He succeeded in getting $12,500 of stock taken, on which the members paid $250. Soon after his departure the members became suspicious, and upon making an investigation discovered that they had been victimized and that the $200,000 capital consisted of 400 acres of unimproved land lying nine miles from St. Paul. Information was received from St. Paul that the society is a fraud, and that the scheme is being worked successfully in many cities and towns.

Incorporated.

COLUMBUS, O., Jan. 6.—The following articles were filed yesterday: Burt Flint Bottle company, Findlay, $45,000; Fredonia Manufacturing company, Youngstown, $30,000; Akron Printing and Publishing company, Akron, $150,000; Home Building and Loan company, Toledo, increase of capital stock from $500,000 to $1,500,000.

New full dress shirts. Spangler & Co.

Sure results follow by having your "wants" made known.

Miss Helen Ryder
Will continue the
INSURANCE BUSINESS
Formerly conducted by her father at the old stand
OverDielhenn's ClothingStore
SOUTH ERIE STREET.

Don't Buy Until You See Young's Stock of Buggies

Every article in our store must go without Regard to cost. Buy your goods now at

J. R. OPPENHEIMER'S

THE STAR CLOTHING HOUSE

No. 26 South Erie Street, Massillon.

For Bargains in Carriages & Wagons See P. H. Young

CITY LIVERY!

P. GRIBBLE, Proprietor

First-Class in all its Appointments

Commercial Trade Solicited. Prompt Deliverv.

Telephone 77.

Attention! Maccabees!

All members of Massillon Tent No. 10, K. O. T. M. are urged to be present at the regular review, Tuesday evening, January 6, 1891, as business of importance to all members will come up before the tent.

BENTON SMITH, R. K.

Catarrh
In the head
Is a constitutional
Disease, and requires
A constitutional remedy
Like Hood's Sarsaparilla,
Which purifies the blood,
Makes the weak strong,
Restores the health.
Try it now.

Latest designs in ladies' small-sized gold watches at C. F. Von Kanel's.

Soft white sugar 7c. per pound at Fred W. Albrecht's.

The want column is authority on "situations and help wanted."

Be Sure

If you have made up your mind to buy Hood's Sarsaparilla do not be induced to take any other. A Boston lady, whose example is worthy imitation, tells her experience below:

"In one store where I went to buy Hood's Sarsaparilla the clerk tried to induce me buy their own instead of Hood's; he told me their's would last longer; that I might take it on ten

To Get

days' trial; that if I did not like it I need not pay anything, etc. But he could not prevail on me to change. I told him I had taken Hood's Sarsaparilla, knew what it was, was satisfied with it, and did not want any other. When I began taking Hood's Sarsaparilla I was feeling real miserable with dyspepsia, and so weak that at times I could hardly

Hood's

stand. I looked like a person in consumption. Hood's Sarsaparilla did me so much good that I wonder at myself sometimes, and my friends frequently speak of it." MRS. ELLA A. GOFF, 61 Terrace Street, Boston.

Sarsaparilla

Sold by all druggists. $1; six for $5. Prepared only by C. I. HOOD & CO., Apothecaries, Lowell, Mass.

100 Doses One Dollar

ROYAL

BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

A cream of tartar baking powder—Highest of all in leavening strength.—*U. S. Government Report, Aug. 7, 1889*

Cook's Cotton Root COMPOUND

Composed of Cotton Root, Tansy and Pennyroyal—a recent discovery by an old physician. *Is successfully used monthly*—Safe, Effectual. Price $1, by mail, sealed. Ladies, ask your druggist for Cook's Cotton Root Compound and take no substitute, or inclose 2 stamps for sealed particulars. Address POND LILY COMPANY, No. 3 Fisher Block, 131 Woodward ave., Detroit, Mich.

Sold in Massillon by Z. T. Baltzly, Druggist.

MASSILLON & CLEVELAND RAILROAD COMPANY,
OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY AND TREASURER,
MASSILLON, OHIO, January 1, 1891.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of this Company, for the election of Directors, and the transaction of any other business that may come before the meeting, will be held at the German Deposit Bank (its general office,) in the City of Massillon, on Tuesday, the third day of February 1891, at 12 o'clock noon.

JOHN J. HALEY, Secretary

A fountain pen for 10c. A good one. The Independent Co.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Bucher's Opera House.

Friday, January 9th.

1890 The Great and Only 1891

'Pat Rooney'

Acknowledged by all artists superior.
The one inimitable comedian
The quaintest and best singer,
The Neatest and Greatest Dancer,
and
THE FUNNIEST ACTOR ON EARTH,
Who will appear in the most pleasing and comical of all plays.

Pat's New Wardrobe

Supported by
His Charming Little Daughter Mattie,
and the favorite
Rooney Musical Comedy Company
Especially engaged the Quaker City Quartette, who will, in addition to choice Imitations, Echos, Solos and Refrains, instrumental and vocal, introduce the never to be forgotten Musical Idyl.

Prices, 75, 50, and 25

Reserved Seats on sale at the Independent Company's Store.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

TRAVELLER'S REGISTER.

WHEELING & LAKE ERIE RAILWAY.

North.	South.
No. 4 8 25 a. m	No. 1 5 20 a.m
No. 6 1 18 p. m	No. 5 1 20 p.m
No. 8 7 59 p. m	No. 7 6 40 p.m
Local 7 40 a. m	Local 4 00 p.m

In effect June 9th at noon.

PITTSBURG, FT. WAYNE & CHICAGO.

In effect June 15, 1890.

GOING EAST

No. 8	Daily	2 50 a m
No. 10	Daily except Sunday	7 45 a. m
No. 4	Daily	1 00 p. m
No. 20	Daily except Sunday	9 25 p. m

GOING WEST

No 1	Daily except Sunday	3 25 a.m
No. 11	Daily except Sunday	10 06 "
No. 9	Daily	11 01 a. m
No. 3	Daily	5 45 p m
Local		9:15 a. m

Pullman dining cars are run on trains No. 1 and 9.

For time tables, rates of fare, baggage checks, through tickets, or any further information regarding the running of trains, apply to John A Shoemaker, agent, Massillon, O.

CLEVELAND, AKRON & COLUMBUS.

Mount Vernon and Pan Handle Route at Orrville

NORTH.	SOUTH.
No. 35 Express..10:10 p m	No. 2 Express..10.36 a m
No. 27 Express...4:20 a m	No. 38 Express 3:34 p m
No. 3 Express...3:10 p m	No. 28 Express..10:32 p m

Trains 27 and 28 run daily all other trains daily except Sunday.

Trains 2 and 3 have through day coaches and 27 and 28 through Pullman sleepers between Cleveland and Cincinnati.

Trains 2 and 3 make connections with P., Ft. W. & C. trains to and from all points east and west via Orrville.

The C. L. & W. schedule is omitted.

Houses for Sale

RANGING IN PRICE
From $900 to $3000
A number of
—LOTS FOR SALE.—
In different parts of the city.
W. K. L. Warwick.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria

A Fine Assortment of Buggies, all Styles at Young's

Remember Sippo Valley Flour Retails at $1.25 per ¼ bbl Sack.

THE SENATE PROGRAMME.

THE CONDITIONS OF THE CAUCUS CHANGED ENTIRELY.

The Action of the Silver Senators in Voting with the Democrats Changed It—Hoar of the Opinion That the Election Bill is Dead—Senators Discuss the Situation with Each Other—The Financial Bill to be Disposed of Before Anything Else.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 6.—The Republican members of the senate to the number of twenty-seven met at the residence of Senator Stockridge last night to discuss the senate programme. The action of the silver senators in voting with the Democrats yesterday afternoon to lay aside the election bill and take up the financial bill changed the conditions of the caucus entirely. It was called for the purpose of determining whether the senate should attempt to "sit out" the election bill under the existing rules or adopt a new rule and put it through in that way. The action of the senate in laying the election bill aside was unexpected. It seemed so positive and final that Mr. Hoar stated to a brother Republican during the afternoon that the election bill was dead. This feeling got abroad in the senate and destroyed the interest in the caucus last night. This accounts for the smallness of the attendance. It was so small that all formality was laid aside and the conference

Split Up Into Little Groups

of senators who discussed the situation with each other. The general impression prevailed that the financial bill would have to be disposed of before anything else could be taken up. The silver senators, several of whom were present, insisted on this, and it was agreed, informally, to continue the discussion of the bill and to try to pass it by Thursday under existing rules. It was generally conceded that the free coinage amendment of Senator Stewart, or something like it, would prevail. It was suggested that the Democratic senators, in order to prevent the

Consideration of the Election Bill

would prolong the discussion of the financial bill. In this event, it was said, it would be necessary to adopt the cloture rule. When the necessity for this appears another caucus will be called. A leading Republican senator said after the adjournment that the eastern Republicans were not frightened at the prospect of the passage of a free coinage bill, as they felt assured it could not pass the house. He said further that the other friends of the election bill did not share the opinion of Mr. Hoar, that the bill was entirely beyond hope.

LOOKS LIKE ACHESON.

The Struggle for the Succession to Judge McKennan.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 6.—A successor to Judge McKennan, whose resignation was received by the department on Saturday, will probably be appointed promptly, as court will soon convene. The candidates, so far as ascertained, are Judge Acheson, Samuel Hollingsworth, of Philadelphia; W. S. Kirkpatrick, of Easton, now attorney general of Pennsylvania, and Judge Wickham, of Beaver. Judge Acheson seems to have by all odds the strongest backing, and Senator Quay, who is urging Judge Wickham, and Representative Stone, who brought out Kirkpatrick for the place, both admit that Acheson has formidable support, particularly from the local bars, and is likely to be appointed. In that event Senator Quay will present Judge Wickham for the district judgeship.

DESPERATE CHARACTERS.

They Are Having a High Old Time in Wayne County, W. Va.

PARKERSBURG, W. VA., Jan. 6.—A gang of desperate characters are making matters interesting for the people about Allum Cave in Wayne county. They are laborers on the extension of the Norfolk and Western railroad. A short time ago, during a festival at Mount Vernon, the church was raided, the people driven away and the tables demolished. Since then travelers have been assaulted by day and by night, and often with revolvers. The home of Calvary Athens was visited and two of the boys were roughly handled. The house was visited the second time and one man wounded. The people are terrified. The ruffians do not seem desirous of robbing so much as terrifying.

WON AN AMERICAN GIRL.

An Irish Member of Parliament Came to This Country for a Wife.

NEW YORK, Jan. 6.—William J. Lane, M. P., for North Cork, Ireland, arrived in the Adriatic Sunday. The object of his visit to this country is to marry Miss Armstrong, daughter of C. E. Armstrong, importer. Immediately on his arrival he was driven to the Armstrong residence, 230 Lafayette avenue, Brooklyn. He declined to discuss Irish politics, saying he was simply a member of parliament on furlough; nor would he say when the wedding was to take place. Mr. Lane met Miss Armstrong while she was on a European tour. He is 41 and she 22.

Accident to a Funeral Train at Erie.

ERIE, PA., Jan. 6.—A motor car on the Eighth street line collided with a funeral train near the Trinity cemetery yesterday, upsetting one carriage containing four ladies, who were pitched headlong upon the frozen ground and seriously injured. Several horses were stampeded, and a terrible accident was narrowly averted only by the coolness of the drivers.

Asked to Contribute $1,000,000.

CHICAGO, Jan. 6.—When the state legislature meets next Wednesday it will be asked to appropriate $1,000,000 toward defraying the expenses of the state exhibition at the world's fair. Plans for proposed buildings have already been submitted to the state board of agriculture.

Parnell's Name Dropped.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 6.—The Parnell branch of the Irish National league, the oldest organization of the kind in this city, at their regular meeting, decided to drop the name of the great Irish leader and substituted for it the "Insuppressible" until such time as a committee would decide upon a new name.

HER VOICE FOREVER STILL.

Emma Abbott, the Famous Prima Donna, Dies of Pneumonia After an Illness of Short Duration.

SALT LAKE CITY, Jan. 6.—Emma Abbott, the famous prima dona, died here at 7 o'clock yesterday morning of pneumonia. Her illness was of short duration. She contracted a severe cold in the Ogden Opera house last Monday night. At the Wednesday matinee she broke down completely, and had to be assisted to her room. Pneumonia at once developed, and almost from the first the doctors were of the opinion that her life could not be saved. Emma Abbott was born of very poor parents in Peoria, Ills., thirty-nine years ago. In the days of her success she often related to her friends how, as a girl of 6 and 7 years, she had wandered about barefooted and in her one gown, made from a coarse sack. She

Began to Win Admiration

for her voice when only 8 years old, and while still a child sang to applauding audiences in small Illinois towns. One day Clara Louise Kellogg heard the little blue-eyed girl singing to herself in the open air. The girl singer recognized the possibilities of the untrained voice and hastened to help the embryo songstress to advantages for cultivating it. Miss Abbott had forty-three operas in her repertoire. She has opened more opera houses than any other actress. She leaves an estate of $4,000,000. The company have left for New York, where they will disband. Miss Abbott's name off the stage was Mrs. Wetherell. Her husband died some two years ago.

DONS THE GOWN.

Associate Justice Brown Takes the Oath of Office.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 6.—At noon yesterday Associate Justice Henry Billings Brown, of Detroit, was sworn in as the successor of the late Samuel Miller, and the supreme court bench once more has its full compliment of nine members. Justice Brown did not bring his gown with him. No chief justice nor associate justice does that. One was lent him for the special occasion of the installation until he can have one made in due and ancient form. As a matter of fact the supreme court has always a gown on hand in the robing room for the new member to don when the occasion requires. The cut and make-up of the justices' gowns have never been changed since the establishment of that august tribunal nearly a century ago. Justice Brown, as the junior member of the court, must sit at the bottom of the line, which is on the extreme left of the chief justice. On his immediate right will sit Justice Brewer, his classmate at Yale.

SOUTHERN PEOPLE ALARMED.

Fears of Another Disastrous Overflow Along the Lower Mississippi.

MEMPHIS, TENN., Jan. 6.—Great uneasiness is felt along the lower Mississippi, owing to the unfinished and unsafe condition of the levees and the heavy snows north, with prospects of a thaw. A repetition of the horrors of last spring's overflow is greatly feared. Many thousands of dollars have been expended in the last year on levee work, and it is being pushed forward as rapidly as possible by the contractors, who hope to complete their work before the spring rise, as that would prove destructive to the entire system if caught in an uncompleted condition. The forces along the line are being doubled. Relays of hands and teams from this city and points further north are being shipped to the works, and all possible haste is being made to complete the work by March 1.

AGAINST CAPITAL PUNISHMENT.

Gen. Curtis' Bill Will be Introduced at Albany.

ALBANY, Jan. 6.—Gen. Curtis, of Ogdensburg, is here and says he intends to be here at frequent intervals during the winter. He is greatly interested in the abolition of capital punishment. The bill will be introduced early in the session. Those murderers who have been sentenced to die by a stroke of electricity will be greatly interested in the fate of Gen. Curtis' benevolent measure.

A Woman Fatally Burned.

BLAIRSVILLE, PA., Jan. 6. — While Miss McAfee, of Bairdstown, was stirring a fire in an open grate, Sunday, her clothes caught fire and she was so badly burned that she died late that night. She was weak minded and was caring for her aged father. His hands were badly burned in trying to extinguish the flames.

LATE NEWS IN BRIEF.

Jean Desbouvrie, inventor of the system of conveying messages by carrier swallows, has been arrested at Roubaix for an atrocious assault upon his wife.

Crown Prince William, of Prussia, and his younger brother, Eitel, will begin to attend the cadets school at Ploen, near Kiel, at the Easter term. They are 8 and 7 years old respectively.

It is reported that the bundesrath or federal council has been officially notified of the intention of the powers to hold the international congress at Berne during the present year, when the subject of anarchism will be fully discussed.

Advices from South Africa state that Bavaria, sultan of Vitu, whose capital was recently destroyed by the British, is conducting a desultory warfare. His warriors have killed several soldiers and friendly natives in German settlements.

Mme. Fanny Vincent, a Parisian dress maker, has brought suit against the portly but vivacious Mme. Judic. The dress maker wants 20,200 francs in settlement of her bill. This is said to include a large variety of articles, among them being "invisible night corsets," "luminous Japanese petticoats," and other unusual luxuries.

Lake Champlain is frozen over between Burlington and Plattsburg, a distance of twenty-five miles, the earliest of the season for many years. Tuesday, when the lake finally closed, was the coldest at Burlington and the shore towns, the thermometer being fourteen degrees below zero at 8 a. m., an average for the entire day.

CONDENSED OHIO NEWS.

Thomas E. Darley, county auditor of Youngstown, in his report says there are 233 saloons in Mahoning county under the Dow liquor law. The taxes therefrom amount to $29,640.27.

Selah Chamberlain, the Cleveland millionaire, did not mention his niece, the famous beauty known as Jennie Chamberlain before her marriage, in his will. He left his fortune to two Cleveland nephews.

SENATOR HOAR SURPRISED

THE SENATE LAID ASIDE THE ELECTION BILL.

On Motion of Mr. Stewart the Finance Committee's Bill Was Taken Up and Debated at Length by Messrs. Sherman, Reagan and Others—The Conference Report on the Urgency Deficiency Bill Agreed to—Senator McConnell, of Idaho, Sworn in—Other Proceedings.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 6.—In the senate Monday Mr. Hale reported the apportionment bill. The credentials of Senator-elect Dubois, of Idaho were placed on file and Senator McConnell, of Idaho, was sworn in. When Senator Sherman, chairman of the foreign relations committee, moved to go into executive session and remarked that it was important, it was surmised that the subject to be considered was the correspondence relating to the Bering sea controversy. It was alleged that this correspondence contained the ultimatum of Secretary Blaine on this important subject, but it was discovered that the communication from the state department related to Nicaraguan affairs. Sherman, who has charge of the matter, thought the correspondence should be made public, in order that the attitude of our government concerning the Nacaraguan canal might be understood. The senate remained in secret session for one hour. When the doors were re-opened Mr. Hoar moved that

The Election Bill

be taken up. Pending action on that motion, Mr. Teller gave notice that he would Tuesday address the senate on the elections bill. The conference report on the house bill, supplementary to the act authorizing the construction of the Baltimore and Potomac Railroad company in the District of Columbia, was taken up and discussed and finally agreed to. Mr. George then resumed the floor to continue his speech on the elections bill, commenced by him last Wednesday. Mr. Stewart moved to take up the senate bill to provide against contraction of the currency. Mr. George said he would yield for that motion. Mr. Hoar, completely surprised, asked Mr. George whether he abandoned the floor. Mr. George replied that he merely yielded to have the motion made. If the motion did not prevail, he would claim the floor. The vote on Mr. Stewart's motion resulted: Yeas, 34; nays, 29.

The Silver Bill Was Read

by the clerk and Mr. Stewart moved to amend it by adding the following: That any owner of silver bullion, not too base for the operations of the mint, may deposit the same in amounts of the value of not less than $100 at any mint of the United States to be formed into standard dollars or bars for his benefit and without charge, and that at the said owner's option he may receive therefor an equivalent of such standard dollars in treasury notes of the same form and description and having the same legal qualities as the notes provided for by the act approved July 14, 1890, entitled "An act directing the purchase of silver bullion and the issue of treasury notes thereon, and for other purposes." And all such treasury notes issued under the provisions of this act shall be a legal tender for their nominal amount in payment of all debts, public and private, and shall be receivable for customs, taxes and all public dues, and when so received may be re-issued in the same manner and to the same extent as other treasury notes. Mr. Stewart argued in support of the amendment, which, he said, would remonitize silver and place it back where it has been before it was excluded from the mints of the United States and Europe. Mr. Sherman said that the sudden and

Unexpected Change of Scene

and the introduction of a new topic of debate should not allow the revolutionary measure now proposed (Mr. Stewart's amendment) to pass without the serious and sober attention of every senator. He appealed to the sober senses of responsibility on the Democratic side of the chamber against a measure which he regarded as revolutionary and dangerous and the effect of which (if it should become law) would be more destructive than that of any measure that had been proposed for years. The amendment offered by the senator from Navada would change entirely the whole basis of valuation of all the property of the United States. It would demonetize one-half of the money of the country (gold) and would degrade the other half (silver) to a low level, so that its effect would be to diminish the volume of circulation. If the friends of silver had only patience and would wait until the element of time acted on

The Silver Law of Last Session,

the policy of the United States government and of the French government, together with the use of silver in the South American states, would lift up silver again to the gold standard. He sympathized with the views of the president and of the secretary of the treasury and with the general feeling of Republican senators that the best measure of relief would be the purchase of the $12,000,000 of silver on the market, and the first section of the bill had made provision for that. Mr. Stewart replied to Mr. Sherman's argument, and insisted that it was not the silver men, but the gold ring, that had tampered with the standard in demonitizing silver. Mr. Reagan also replied to Mr. Sherman and advocated the adoption of Mr. Stewart's amendment. He trusted that the senate would provide for the free and unlimited coinage of silver. At the close of Mr. Reagan's remarks, Mr. Teller obtained the floor, and the senate at 5:10 adjourned.

Urgency Deficiency Bill.

In the house, Mr. Henderson, of Iowa, presented the conference report on the urgency deficiency bill. In doing so he stated that the senate had receded from its amendments (relative to the pay of senatorial clerks), but that the house might expect to meet the same question on the legislative or on the general deficiency bill. He thought it just to the senate to make this statement. The report was agreed to. The pending business was the motion of Mr. McAdoo, of New Jersey, to suspend the rules and pass the bill for the retirement of mates of the navy. Lost.

Public Building Bills.

Mr. Cannon moved to suspend the rules and pass senate bill for the erection of a public building at Danville, Ills. Passed. On motion of Mr. McCreary, of Kentucky, a bill was passed for the erection of a public building at Richmond, Ky., at a cost of $75,000. On motion of Mr. Milliken, of Maine, a bill was passed appropriating $2,000 for the relief of the owners of the bark "Xenophon." There then being no quorum, the house, at 5:10, adjourned.

LOVE TURNS TO HATE.

A Denver Youth Attempts to Kill His Dancing Bride.

DENVER, Jan. 6.—The honeymoon of Banker Dows' son and Millie Price, the high kicker of a theatrical company, who were married here Friday night, came near ending in a double murder. Dows' father has refused to have anything to do with him or aid him financially. He was to leave here yesterday with the company, and several creditors, hearing of this, had him arrested on a charge of obtaining goods under false pretenses. Sunday night Mr. and Mrs. Dows retired in the Windsor hotel. About 10 o'clock the door was thrown open and Mrs. Dows rushed down the hall, clad in her night robe, screaming "Murder!" at the top of her voice. Her husband followed and fired a shot from his revolver at her. He then re-entered his room and attempted to blow his brains out, but he was overpowered before he could make a second attempt. No one knows the cause of the trouble.

Kidnapper Reed Arrested.

WATERTOWN, N.Y., Jan. 6.—William Reed, who kidnapped and assaulted little Mattie Hungerford, was captured in a barn near Mannsville yesterday. A large posse of police and citizens hunted for him all through the night. He appeared at the farm house of his former employer, H. W. Cook, and asked for money. Cook gave him no money, but fed him and started him on his way, warning him that he would notify the authorities. William Reed was brought to this city. A crowd of citizens was gathered at the depot, and the sheriff and his assistants had to draw their revolvers on the excited citizens to protect their prisoner from being lynched. The prisoner was hurried to the jail, where he is well guarded.

ALLEGED FEE GRABBERS.

Crawford County Citizens Petition the State Auditor for an Examination.

COLUMBUS, O., Jan. 6.—Auditor of State Poe received a petition from seventy citizens of Crawford county asking that he appoint an accountant to examine the auditor and treasurer's office. The petition is based upon the official report of the annual examiners. Among other things the report shows that vouchers were issued to A. J. High, the retiring auditor, on six ditches, amounting to $260.43, and none of these items were entered among the bills allowed by the commissioners. Of this amount $19.64 was returned to the treasury upon demand by the examiners. It was further found that the county commissioners had allowed the county surveyor $4 per day for his assistants, instead of $1.25, as provided by law. While the petitioners accuse no official of misappropriating funds, they recommend that the commissioners should exercise the greatest care in the allowance of fees, also that a "searching examination" be made for the best interest of the county. Accordingly Auditor Poe appointed C. W. Webster, ex-auditor of Delaware county, to investigate the alleged fee grabbers.

TOUCHED OFF.

Six Dayton Lads Fool with a Bung-Hole and Are Knocked Silly.

DAYTON, O., Jan. 6.—While a number of boys of ages ranging from 10 to 15 years, were playing about a lot of empty naphtha barrels in a foundry building attached to the Stoddard manufacturing establishment, one of the number threw a lighted match into the bung-hole of a barrel. Instantly an explosion followed, and barrels and boys scattered with equal swiftness about the building. Four of the youngsters were knocked senseless and two severely bruised about the face and breast. It is supposed that a small quantity of naphtha was contained in the barrel in which the torch was applied.

The Coroner Must be Notified.

NEW YORK, Jan. 6.—The coroner's office has notified all institutions where Dr. Koch's lymph is being used that all deaths resulting from use must be reported at the coroner's office. The order, it was said, was made in the interest and for the protection of the public in the fear that the sensational enthusiasm produced by the reputed success of a secret remedy might lead to injudicious and experimental use. General practitioners were also notified.

A Negro's Fiendish Revenge.

SAVANNAH, GA., Jan. 6.—Near Albany, Richard Reed and another negro, known as Bill, stole and ate some food belonging to Joe Moore, also colored, and then laughingly told him of the joke they had played on him. Moore put some strychnine on some fish and cooked it, and at his invitation the other two feasted on it. They are dead and Moore has fled.

Choked Them Into Submission.

COLUMBUS, O., Jan. 6.—D. A. Morse, of the Columbus Asylum for the Insane, makes some startling statements in his annual report. He discusses the subject of governing patients. Dr. Morse is a disbeliever in the claims made by certain former officials of the Columbus asylum to the effect that they ruled them without punishment or personal violence. He calls attention to claims made by certain officials that they conducted the institution on a basis of complete non-restraint, and in this connection says: "One superintendent, who run it three-fourths of the time with his own hands, subdued the patients with a towel applied over the mouth, choking them into submission."

A Girl Fatally Burned.

YOUNGSTOWN, O., Jan. 6.—Miss Kate O'Brien, a domestic employed in the Commercial hotel, while sweeping out the office yesterday, was nearly cremated by her clothing taking fire from a grate. She was terribly burned, and was removed to a hospital. Her injuries are considered fatal. George Pollock, in attempting to tear off her burning clothing, had his hands badly burned.

Huns Make a Disturbance.

JOHNSTOWN, PA., Jan. 6.—While some Americans were going home from a party at Hastings, a mining village in the mountains, they were attacked by striking Huns. Constable Miller and three of a posse were wounded in trying to arrest some of the Huns.

A GREAT BATTLE NOW ON.

GEN. MILES REPORTED TO HAVE BEEN KILLED EARLY IN THE FIGHT.

Hundreds of Savages Reported Killed and the Loss to the Soldiers Heavy—Troops Sent to the Rescue and the Result Awaited with Intense Anxiety—Feared That Another Custer Massacre Will Go on Record—Supposed the Cavalry Were Inveigled Into Ambush.

CHICAGO, Jan. 6.—In an extra issued late last evening The Evening Mail has the following dispatch: Rushville, Neb., Jan. 5.—A dispatch has just been received here from the Pine Ridge agency announcing that a great battle is in progress there between the troops and the hostile Indians. The information is that Gen. Miles' cavalry encountered the Indians at an early hour yesterday morning a short distance from the agency. A desperate battle ensued and hundreds of the savages were killed, while the loss to the soldiers was also very heavy. Gen. Miles himself is reported to have been killed early in the fight. The soldiers were driven into the agency, which was then surrounded by the Indians.

Troops Have Been Sent to the Rescue,

and the result is awaited with the most intense anxiety. The greatest excitement prevails, and it is feared that another Custer massacre will go on record. The apprehensions concerning the fate of the soldiers increases as time passes without further information concerning the battle, it being feared that all sources of communication are cut off, and that the Indians are in possession of the agency. The Indians are reported to have fought like demons, scalping all the wounded soldiers whom they encountered. It is supposed that the cavalry were inveigled into an ambush and that the Indians obtained an advantage in this way.

IN THE HOLY BONDS.

Miss Mildred Fuller, Daughter of the Chief Justice, Married to Hugh Wallace.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 6.—Miss Mildred Fuller, daughter of the chief justice, was married last evening to Mr. Hugh Wallace, of Tacoma, Wash., at St. John's Episcopal church, by Bishop Potter. The church was packed by the elite of the capital's official society. Among those present were President and Mrs. Harrison, Postmaster General and Mrs. Wanamaker, Justice Field, Senator and Mrs. Cockrell, Secretary and Mrs. Windom, Senator Carlisle and Senator Vance. There was also present a large delegation of friends of the Fuller family from Chicago, besides the immediate relatives. After the ceremony a reception followed at the residence of the chief justice. Mr. and Mrs. Wallace will make their home at Tacoma, where the groom is in business.

Failed to Get Marvin Kuhns.

FOSTORIA, O., Jan. 6.—Word from Fort Wayne, Ind., says that the Ohio officials failed to get Marvin Kuhns, the outlaw, wanted at Fostoria for murder. Kuhns' lawyer notified Governor Hovey of his intention of filing a transcript of indictments standing against Kuhns in Indiana for horse stealing. The prisoner will not be brought to Ohio unless these indictments are quashed.

Turned State's Evidence.

ASHLAND, O., Jan. 6.—William Mansfield, one of a trio of forgers in the famous Glass will case, turned state's evidence and was sentenced to one year in the penitentiary.

CAUSED A SENSATION.

A South Carolina Minister Denounces Everything and Everybody.

COLUMBIA, S. C., Jan. 6.—A sermon preached Sunday night by Rev. W. T. Folsom, of the Second Baptist church, has created a sensation here. The reverend gentleman unmercifully scored the Columbia club, the city government and the Young Men's Christian association. The Columbia club is the principal social organization in the state. Senators Hampton and Butler and nearly every prominent man in the state are members, and ex-Governor Richardson was for years the president. "The city of Columbia is in league with Satan, and is doomed to hell unless radical changes are made," said Mr. Folsom. "The Young Men's Christian association is in league with the same personage. It has allowed the passing of disreputable bills on this property." He then continued to denounce about everything in the city.

THUGS AT WORK IN WHEELING.

They Are Believed to be Responsible for Several Mysterious Disappearances.

WHEELING, W. VA., Jan. 6.—A suspicion has been aroused, from a case that occurred Sunday night, that a gang of thugs have made way with several people here. In the past three months four or five citizens have strangely disappeared and their disappearance remains unexplained. The latest case is that of H. T. Bishop, who has not been seen since Saturday and whose family believe he met with foul play. Sunday night Spencer Milligan, of Moundsville, was rescued from the swollen creek by two policemen, who, by mere chance, saw him in the water. He said he was drugged in a saloon and robbed, and then led in a stupid condition to the creek and pushed in. His story is believed, and an effort will be made to apprehend the guilty parties, in the hope that further matters of interest will develop.

KEELY'S RIVAL.

Death of a Man who Spent a Lifetime Upon Perpetual Motion.

WILMINGTON, DEL., Jan. 6. — The death of John L. Gooley, of this city, removes a dangerous rival to Keely and his motor. For the past twenty-five years Gooley had been at work upon his invention, which, he claimed, would propel a vessel across the ocean by perpetual motion. He has spent thousands of dollars upon the machine, and fully expected to announce the discovery of perpetual motion to the world within the next three years. He was 68 years old and, it is stated, was a first cousin of George Washington. Gooley's work upon his machine was done in a garret in this city, and, until Sunday night, was visible to no one except a sister and a close friend.

DO YOU KNOW WHAT AILS YOU?

You feel tired—Do you know what it means? You are nervous—Why? You cough in the morning—Do you realize the cause? Your appetite is poor—What makes it so? You seem like a changed person to your friends—Do you know what is the matter, or has the change been so gradual it has escaped your notice?

You have Consumption!

We do not say this to frighten you, but it is true. These are the sure symptoms of this terrible disease. There is one thing which will check it and that is

DR. ACKER'S ENGLISH REMEDY.

It is recommended by the best physicians in Europe and America.
25 cents, 50 cents and $1.00 per Bottle.
W. H. HOOKER & CO., 46 West Broadway, New York.

25 PER CENT DISCOUNT

Books, Standard Works, Juvenile and Miscellaneous Books. Lamps, Brass Goods, Albums, Plush and Leather Goods.

All Holiday Stock at Cut Prices.
¼ to ½ off. Call Early.

The Independent Co.

There are
many white soaps,
each
represented to be
"just as good as the Ivory."
They are not,
but like
all counterfeits,
they lack
the peculiar
and remarkable
qualities of
the genuine.
Ask for
Ivory Soap
and
insist upon having it.
'Tis sold everywhere.

WOLFF'S ACME BLACKING

A PERFECT HARNESS DRESSING.
USED BY MEN, WOMEN AND CHILDREN.
A SHINE LASTS A WEEK.
LEATHER PRESERVER.
A HANDSOME POLISH.
IS WATER-PROOF.

EVERY Household EVERY Office
EVERY Mechanic EVERY Stable
SHOULD USE
PIK-RON PAINT VARNISH TRY IT
WILL STAIN OLD A NEW FURNITURE
WILL STAIN GLASS AND CHINAWARE
WILL STAIN TINWARE
WILL STAIN YOUR OLD BASKETS
WILL STAIN BABY'S COACH
and Varnish at the same time.
WOLFF & RANDOLPH, Philadelphia.
Ask in Drug, Paint and Housefurnishing Stores.

NOTICE

To members of The Home Library Association, the Chicago Buyers Union and other similar institutions.

It is with pleasure The Independent Company propose to all such subscribers and book buyers generally, that they are in a position to furnish any book or publication of any kind listed in the catalogues of these associations at their prices, and in many cases lower and also to give all persons, whether subscribers or not, the privilege of selecting from any edition in the market at correspondingly low prices.

These books we deliver free, saving the cost of express charges from Chicago and New York and cost of remitting.

We would be pleased to quote prices and wish that it might be remembered that we sell

ANY BOOK AT PRICE TIME TO PERSON.

THE INDEPENDENT CO.

THE WANT COLUMN.

Any "want" under the sun not to exceed fou lines, announced in this department for 25 cents a week.

LOST.

PIN—A plain gold breast pin. A reward will be paid for its return to the Independent Company. 27-6t.

FOUND.

SPECTACLES—A pair of spectacles, owner can have same by calling at A. J. Paul & Co.'s. 1-6

PLEASE mention The Independent in replying to advertisements under this head.

FOR RENT.

APARTMENTS—Two apartments of 5 rooms each on Muskingum street also one 4 room house on stonequarry hill. Inquire of W. A. Pietzcker. 12-tf

HOUSE—Six room dwelling house on Edwin street. Inquire of Z. T. Baltzly. 31-6t

HOUSE—House of five rooms in good repair and within five minutes walk of postoffice. Inquire at 121 West Main Street. 2-6t

PLEASE mention The Independent in replying to advertisements under this head.

WANTED

BLACKSMITH—At Minglewood mine, must be a good shoer, and mine work generally. for information apply to the supt; at the mine, James Mullins, North Lawrence, O. 6-3tw-1t

GIRL—A girl for general housework. Must bring good references. Apply at Dr. Pease's office. 2-6t

MEN—Three intelligent young men, making less than $15 a week, wanted immediately. Apply to Call Box 143, city postoffice. 30-6t

SALESMAN—With ability to manage sales, to further the introduction of Veterinary Gove's Proprietary Medicines; seven different preparations which are now used and kept constantly on hand by hundreds of prominent horse owners and farmers. Geo. H. Gove, V. S. 64 Plum street, Massillon, O. 26-6

SITUATION—A permanent situation by a first-class business man with a general business experience of seventeen or eighteen years in retail, wholesale and mercantile trade. Address "X" Care Independent, 30-6t

THE Independent will appreciate mention of this column, by those who find it useful.

FOR SALE.

FURNACE—Suitable for small house, Also small stove cheap. H. C. Brown. 3-tf

HOUSE—A ten room house on E. Main stree No. 208, in good repair also good our building. Any one wishing to purchase should ca at premises. 24-tf

HOUSE—A seven roomed house situated on Park street, will be sold at a bargain. Inquire at C. H. Rudolph's jewelry store. 14-

LIMESTONE—Crushed limestone for walks, in large or small quantities. Inquire of J. V. R. Skinner. 319-tf

THE Independent will be obliged to those who answer advertisement under this head, if they will kindly state that they were attracted by means of this paper.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

SEE

GEORGE SNYDER

Before you buy your

BOOTS & SHOES,

No. 33 EAST MAIN ST.

A fountain pen for 10c. A good one. The Independent Co.

Notice to Stockholders.

The annual election of directors of the First National bank, of Massillon, Ohio, will be held at the office of the bank on January 13th, 1891, at 10 a. m.
S. HUNT.
Dec. 13, 1890.

Notice to Stockholders.

The annual election of directors of the Union National Bank, of Massillon, Ohio, will be held at the office of the bank on January 13th, 1891, at 10 a. m.
J. H. HUNT.
Dec. 13, 1890. 29-tf

WATER RATES AGAIN.

THE COUNCIL APPOINTS A SPECIAL COMMITTEE

Mr. Leu Expresses Some Very Original Views on Home Protection—Sewer Reports from the Engineer—Russell & Co.'s Petition.

When President Schlagel's gavel descended in the council chamber last night, Messrs. Volkmor, Dangler, Clutz and Leu were present.

The marshal's report for the quarter just ended showed that seventy prisoners had been lodged in jail, and that $16.00 had been expended for the subsistence. Accepted and bill paid.

The mayor's report for the past quarter showed that $40 had been collected in fines, and $43 in license. Accepted.

The city engineer reported that the cost of the construction of the sewer in District No. 3, in South Erie street, from the middle of the intersection of that street with East Oak street, to a point at the intersection of South Erie and Chester streets, was $4,618.75; of this amount the city paid ten per cent. leaving $4,156.88 to be collected by assessments. The frontage of the abutting property on both sides being 4,929 feet the assessment pro rata would be 84 cents and $4\frac{3}{10}$ mills per foot. The cost of the construction of a lateral sewer from Chester to Dwight streets was $468 39; the frontage on both sides of the street was 1,201 feet, assessment pro rata 39 cents per foot.

The city engineer introduced a resolution providing that the present iron gratings of the man holes of the sewers in Main and Erie streets be removed and that heavy iron covers be substituted and that a man be employed to flush the sewers three or more times a week, to look after the sewers, see that they are kept free from gas, and to report to the council once a week. The solicitor objected as he believed that the health of the public demanded that the sewers should be so constructed that the gas could escape. Upon motion the resolution was referred to the board of health.

A communication was read from Fire Chief S. Fritz, asking for a new set of harness for the horses at the central engine house, and recommending the Kansas City harness. Referred to the committee of fire department.

A petition was read from Russell & Co. stating that Wetmore street from East to Erie was wholly within the boundary of their property. It was proposed in the petition to give to the city the right to use Wetmore street in exchange for city property north of the creek.

Mr. Dangler moved that the entire council, together with the city engineer and solicitor, be appointed to visit and investigate to-day. Carried.

An ordinance to preserve peace and good order by punishing vagrants within the city limits came up for third reading and was passed.

An ordinance providing for the suppression of disorderly houses and the visiting thereof was read the third time and passed. Mr. Leu demurred on the ground that the passage of the above ordinance was detrimental to the best interest of the city, and that to an extent he was a home protectionist in such matters; and he (Mr. Leu) would take an appeal from the decision of the president. Mr. Leu's appeal died without a second.

It was moved and agreed to that the bill of the electric light company for the quarter just ended, amounting to $1,090.20, be paid.

It was moved and seconded that the president appoint a committee of two, whose duty it should be to visit various cities of the size of Massillon—cities to be determined upon by the recent census enumeration, and investigate thoroughly their systems of water works and the prices charged the consumers. President Schlagel appointed Messrs. Dangler and Clutz.

Mr. Volkmor called attention to the fact that the bill of J. O. Garrett for $150 for services as secretary of the sewer commission remained unpaid, and moved that it be paid. Mr. Clutz offered an amendment that the sum be fixed at $100 and that amount be paid. Mr. Volkmor's motion carried as amended, Messrs. Clutz, Dangler, Sailer and Schlagel voting aye; Messrs. Leu and Volkmor, no. The council then adjourned for one week.

BILLS PAID.

Interest on bonds	$ 444 00
Chas. F. Bartholemy	16 50
John Stephan	1 10
Michael Huth & Son	95
Peter Baatz	1 00
Frank Miller	9 38
H. Richardson	9 15
Mrs. Dreason	8 00
Central Union Telephone Co.	26 55
Jos. Coleman	50 00
F. Ed Snyder	2 89
Charles E. Oberlin	62 41
Z. T. Baltzly	2 63
Massillon Brick Co.	7 00
Electric Light Co.	1,090 20
Jack Harvey	13 75
Adam Wendling	16 00
Thomas Bush	2 04
Hemperly & Jacobs	7 17
M. A. Brown & Son	83 30
S. B. Hankins	5 60
L. Limbach	115 20
Conrad, Dangler & Brown	11 61
John B. Snyder	250 00

The council in a body visited Wetmore street this morning. It was seen at once, and informally agreed to, that the city and Russell & Co. would find it to their advantage to transfer their rights and privileges. Russell & Co. own the present road, and the city owns land between the creek and railroad, where a road could not be built without expense. Russell & Co. will take this narrow strip, and give the council a quit claim deed for the property which the street occupies.

Sippo Lodge Installation.

The officers of Sippo Lodge No. 48 I O. O. F., were installed last night by District Deputy Grand Master W. A. Smith, of Canton, assisted by John Bookman, of the same place. The officers installed were: O. P. Kline, N. G.; C. M. Smith, V. G.; Dr. J. W. Hisey, recording secretary; Chas. Higginbotham, permanent secretary; H. C. Brown, treasurer; H. Huber, R. S. to N. G.; C. R. Stephens, L. S. to V. G.; Dr. B. J. Miller, warden; J. Bowen, conductor; Wm. Welker, inside guard; George Young, outside guard; Stephen Stanford, R. S. to V. G.; Edwin Krider, L. S. to V. G.; J. W. Hahn, R. S. S.; William Mader, L. S. S. A very enjoyable evening was spent, the candidates furnishing cigars.

In Justice's Court.

A warrant was sworn out Saturday [illegible] for the arrest of Thomas and James Miller and John Reese, charging that they did beat, wound and ill-treat Maggie and Mary Kopp and Sadie Rowe on New Year's eve at Youngstown Hill. The parties were arrested yesterday evening and gave bail for a hearing Thursday morning at 9 o'clock. The evidence will show the extent of the offense.

Gold Mine Shareholders.

A queer suit against a hundred or more residents of Ohio has been entered in the United States circuit court at Cleveland by John Nelson, of California. Nelson has a claim of about $34,000 against the Alaska Mining Company, of California, and the defendants are stockholders in that concern. Nelson says he obtained a judgment against the company for $24,324.50 in the Superior court of Sierra county, California. The rest of his claim was assigned to him by H. H. Buhring. The sheriffs of Sierra and San Francisco counties endeavored to levy an execution to satisfy the judgment but they could find no property upon which to levy. Nelson has, therefore, sued the individual stockholders. Among the latter unfortunates are the following residents of Massillon: F. A. Brown, Jas. R. Dunn, P. Morganthaler and A. L. Morganthaler.

They Finally Got There

Grievous misfortunes, which the inexperience of years and a temporary scarcity of cool cash prevented them from overcoming were encountered by three well known young gentlemen of this city last night. They hired a carriage, went to Canton, secured the company of three young ladies in that town and started for Massillon to spend the evening. At Yingling's hill their vehicle broke down. The sextette walked into town, secured another carriage and started for Canton. Before they got away from the city limits the bolt of the tongue broke and they could not proceed. Without credit and short on cash the trio took the misses to the Ft. Wayne station and kept them company until the 2:50 train this a. m., feeding them on bologna sandwiches to prevent starvation, and sent them home rejoicing.

He Got a New Finger.

One of THE INDEPENDENT's reporters, while strolling up the W. & L. E. track Sunday afternoon, met an aged blind woman, who unfolded to him the following neat little story: Only a short time ago one of the engineers on that road had the misfortune to have a finger mashed in an accident while on duty, and, in making his report to the roadmaster, telegraphed the following:

"Main track blocked at Sippo for three hours. Engine 13 disabled by cars getting away. One finger mashed; can't work until I have another one. Please send me one. Will wire you full particulars by mail."

A committee of the employes got hold of the message and answered it by drawing a finger on paper and sending it to the engineer by mail.

He Won the Cane.

S. E. Edwards, of this city, offered a gold headed cane to the most popular engineer on the W. & L. E., each employe along the entire line of the road to have one vote. 710 votes were cast, of which Charles Jackson received 479. The next highest number, 165, was received by Fred Ward.—Norwalk Reflector.

Mr. Jackson was engineer of the train which met with the disaster at Bolivar, December 10, and has many friends in Massillon who will congratulate him upon his popularity.

Officers Installed.

At the regular meeting of the One Year Mutual Benefit Order last week the following officers were installed: Past president, Mrs. Laura B. Taylor; president, J. W. Carnes; vice president, L. W. Rauber; secretary, Chas. E. Wagoner; treasurer, Dr. A. A. Hallock; guard, Miss Ida Bammerlin; chaplain, Mrs. Shufelt; sentinel, John Fromholtz; trustees and finance committee, J. W. Carnes, Mrs. Clement Russell and Dr. A. A. Hallock.

Woodberry's Hearing.

The preliminary hearing of William Woodberry, the Brilliant operator charged with abducting Florence Kline, of Bolivar, under sensational circumstances, took place Saturday night, and was continued until this afternoon. Woodberry wants to prove that it was all the fault of the girl. Excitement in Bolivar is intense.

Another Defective Flue.

A fire, caused by a defective flue, this morning damaged the double frame house in East street, owned by D. C. Bunnell, and occupied by the families of James Miller and John R. Hendry, about $125.

The Standard Rotary Shuttle Sewing Machine Company want a live party to represent them in Massillon and vicinity. This is an opportunity that will pay to investigate. The company is prepared to make terms that cannot fail to be satisfactory. Apply to

GEO. D. HENDERSON, Ohio Manager.
65 Euclid Ave., Cleveland, O.

The want column continues to fulfil its destiny. Every day houses are rented, lots sold, situations obtained, help secured, lost articles recovered and articles found restored.

25 per cent. reduction on all holiday stock—books, albums, plush and leather goods, lamps, brass goods, etc. The Independent Company.

25 per cent. reduction on all holiday stock—books, albums, plush and leather goods, lamps, brass goods, etc. The Independent Company.

All members of Lincoln Council No. 16 are requested to meet to-morrow evening. The newly elected officers will be installed.

"It leads them all," is the general reply of druggists when asked about the merit or sales of Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Tiddledy Winke sets, complete, only 25 cents at the Independent Co.'s.

Sweet cider 30 per gallon at Fred W. Albrecht's.

Black undressed kid gloves. Spangler & Co.

THE CASE OF MRS. GRISWOLD.

How the Family has Managed Since the Father's Death.

In addition to what has been published by THE INDEPENDENT in reference to the death of Mrs. Frances Griswold, widow of Al. Griswold, the deceased car inspector of the C., L. & W. road, the following facts have been ascertained through a careful and thorough investigation. The family has not been destitute nor in actual want of food at any time since the husband's death. At his death Mr. Griswold owned a property and two lots at Lorain, the revenue of five dollars per month rent from the building being received regularly by the widow, and the eldest son, aged 15, has been earning $4.50 per month for about a year. Last summer Mrs. Griswold sold one of the lots at Lorain, but did not receive much cash from the sale, the attorney's fees being $40.

Friends of the dead car inspector on the road have been very kind to the family in furnishing money and equivalent donations at Christmas and other times, and good neighbors have not failed to assist the distressed family to the extent of their ability to give. The C., L. & W. road, in whose service Mr. Griswold was when killed in the discharge of his duty, paid his funeral expenses, have not charged the widow any house rent, and recently twice sent the family small donations of groceries—only that and nothing more for the relief of the invalid widow and six helpless orphan children of a faithful employe who sacrificed his life in their service.

U. C. D. Club Meeting.

The U. C. D. Club met last evening at the residence of Mrs. Noble. It was evident that the members had not yet fully recovered from the effects of the holiday season, for but ten were present. The subject of the evening was presented by Mr. Seidel, who showed that the conquests of Carthage, between ths first and second Punic wars, were mainly in the subjugation of mercenary soldiers, who mutinied because they were not paid by the rich city which was saved from them and, for the time, from the jealousies and ambitions of selfish politicians, by the superior military and statesman-like address of Hamilcar, the father of the great Hannibal. The conquests of the Romans about this time were comparatively petty affairs; but the wars served as a school of military training for the greater conquests of the future.

It Is Hard to Waste It.

Some advertisers have an idea that only copies going to paid up subscribers are useful to them. This is not quite so. For example, suppose a journal has 25,000 actual subscribers to whom the paper goes regularly. Suppose it prints 5,000 extra copies a week, which are sent as specimens to good parties, whose addresses are supplied by its agents and readers, and mails 5,000 one week to one set of persons, the next week to another set of 5,000 and so on. In this way 260,000 extra persons are reached during the year, while if the extra 5,000 were sent every week to 5,000 paying subscribers only that number could be reached. In the former case 285,000 persons are reached. In the latter case only 30,000 all told. A person receiving a copy of a journal which he has not seen before, with a request to examine it, will usually look all through it, advertisements and all. Such a course is as useful to the yearly advertiser as if his card were sent to the whole 285,000 persons, or even more so, for his single loose card receives far less attention than would be found in the columns of a reputable journal. —Orange Judd Farmer.

The Art of Advertising.

Advertising seems to be an art yet to be discovered by some people. That is, the practical part of it. A constant stream of water from one or more fire engines will soon extinguish or get under control a very large fire, while a few buckets of water, dashed on here and there, have little or no effect. The modern fire department is practical, and has outgrown the old bucket system; and so with modern advertising—plenty of it, used in a practical, common sense and judicious manner, pays.

If you want to catch a certain kind of fish you use a certain kind of bait; not all fish bite at all kinds of bait. Not all people respond to every advertisement. The newspaper is a medium indispensable to the majority of advertisers, because of its wide and repeating circulation. As a promoter of trade and profit newspaper advertising is no longer an open question; that is, when done in a practical and intelligent manner, and pays because of its effectiveness and cheapness.—Beatrice (Neb.) Democrat.

Spasmodic Advertising.

We all recognize that as between the fellow who works "by fits and starts" and the chap who plods along and *keeps at it* steadily, the plodder gets there every time. The spasmodic fellow may create an occasional impression, but the results of his fitful labors are dissipated in the intervals.

The occasional display of fireworks only serves the purpose of preventing his being forgotten altogether; while the man who works, and keeps working, constantly improves his position and prospects.

So it is with advertising. It is the repeated "ad" and the sustained effort that tell. We don't mean the "ad" that is never *changed*, but the one that is *ever changing*, but never omitted! The wise advertiser keeps always before the people to whom he desires to sell his wares. When you want to quit doing business stop advertising, or advertise only "once in a while."

Be Brief! Be Pointed!

In preparing their announcements advertisers will usually do well to confine their statements to one, or at most, a very few points. Few persons can do well more than one thing at a time, and it is much the same with the memory; but one or two points in any statement make an impression and are retained. As the number of points is increased the probability of any of them making an impression and bringing returns is proportionately reduced.

AMERICAN MAGAZINES.

THEIR EXTRAORDINARY IMPROVEMENT IN TWENTY-FIVE YEARS.

The Dead and Living Periodicals — The Representative Monthlies — The Complete Novel Feature — A Letter from Junius Henri Browne.

[Special Correspondence.]

NEW YORK, Dec. 23.—The periodical literature of this country has improved probably more than any other one thing during the last quarter of a century. This is true particularly of the magazines proper, or monthly illustrated publications, whose superiority is recognized abroad as well as at home. Europe has nothing to compare with our best specimens, either in regard to pictures or letterpress, and does not pretend to have. Our wood engraving is confessedly unequaled, and our magazine contributors surpass those of the Old World in style, interest and variety. Our illustrated monthlies have a large circulation in Great Britain and a limited one on the Continent.

The republic has issued periodicals since early in the century, but most of them have been short lived, and very few of any special merit. The first magazine to attract and deserve general attention was The Knickerbocker, founded here by Charles Fenno Hoffman in 1832, and continued mainly by Lewis Gaylord Clark until 1860, leading a precarious, sickly life toward the close. Putnam's Monthly, also issued here, was of a high class, including such contributors as Parke Godwin, George William Curtis, Richard Grant White and Fred S. Cozzens, who furnished to its pages some of their best work. It lasted four years—1853-57—and was revived after the war, but was finally relinquished in '69 for business reasons.

The pioneer of the present magazines is Harper's, still called a new monthly, because, perhaps, it is the oldest extant, its age being forty years. The progress of American magazines is shown in the marked difference between its early and recent numbers. The former were largely made up from the English periodicals, and the illustrations were crude and elementary. The recent issues contain very little from English sources, unless advance sheets of a transatlantic novel. Until within a few years it did not print the names of authors with their articles, except where those had high reputation. Anonymity has gone entirely out of fashion in periodicals. Many editors cannot be induced now to publish an unsigned paper of any kind, which may be an objectionable extreme. The letterpress of Harper's has advanced in the last decade nearly as much as the illustrations have, the publishers being anxious to secure the best for their purpose in literature and art. They still aim to preserve the popular character of the monthly, and continue to make a feature of articles of travel and of serial stories. They seldom admit essays of an abstract or general character, and do not lean to poetry of the Browning school. Practical subjects in prose and verse are always preferred.

Their editorial departments, intrusted to George William Curtis, William D. Howells and Charles Dudley Warner, are always attractive. Their general editor is Henry M. Alden, who has been there twenty years, and is particularly competent to discharge the complicated duties of his position. Harper's circulation is enormous. I have heard it set down at 400,000, which may be an exaggeration. The firm does not brag or give big figures about this—it is not their habit or their policy—but they are ever on the alert to increase it, and are evidently satisfied with the result. They pay liberally for what they want, as high as $20 per thousand words, occasionally higher. Their nominal rate is still, I think, $10 per thousand words, which they are very ready to increase if they have any reason. Among the living contributors are Edward Atkinson, Will Carleton, Moncure D. Conway, Rose Terry Cooke, C. B. Cranch, J. W. De Forest, Edgar Fawcett, Kate Field, Edward Everett Hale, Thomas Wentworth Higginson, John Hay, Joaquin Miller, Donald G. Mitchell, Louise Chandler Moulton, James Parton, Elizabeth Stuart Phelps, Harriet Prescott Spofford, Richard H. Stoddard, Edmund C. Stedman, T. De Witt Talmage, John T. Trowbridge and William Winter.

The Atlantic was issued in 1857 as the representative of Boston mind and culture in that city, and was for years in advance of any periodical in the country. Longfellow, Emerson, C. C. Felton, Edwin P. Whipple, James Russell Lowell, Oliver Wendell Holmes, John Greenleaf Whittier and other literary lights of Massachusetts appeared almost exclusively in its pages. Lowell was the first editor, succeeded by James T. Fields, W. D. Howells and T. B. Aldrich, Horace E. Scudder now holding the place. The magazine has lost its supremacy, though still able and interesting, and prides itself on appealing to the intellectual, not to lovers of the pictorial. Its circulation is not above 10,000, mostly in New England. Although said to be fairly remunerative to its publishers, Houghton, Mifflin & Co., it does not aim to make much money. Its contributors, paid from $10 to $15 per thousand words, are less notable than they have been, necessarily, as it cannot offer the same pecuniary inducements as the New York illustrated periodicals. It is far more conservative than it was in the early days, and some of the writers, once favorites, have lost their welcome. Many of the Harper contributors are to be found there at intervals. The continuation of The Atlantic proves what has been doubted—that a periodical may be sustained out of New York.

The Century, begun as Scribner's in 1870, by Charles Scribner, Dr. J. G. Holland and Roswell Smith, has become the rival of Harper's, though its circulation is thought to be less—from 250,000 to 300,000. Less popular in quality, it is unsurpassed in enterprise and liberality, and contains some of the most striking and valuable papers in current literature. The sending of George Kennan through Russia and Siberia to determine by personal observation the wrongs of the czar's subjects from exile and imprisonment was a masterly stroke. It is said to have cost not far from $100,000, but the money was well invested. The Kennan articles have attracted universal attention and excited universal indignation. The "Life of Lincoln," by Hay and Nicolay, and the war papers, despite the fact that they occupied a vast deal of space, largely increased the number of readers. Since the death of Scribner and Holland the magazine has been made a joint stock company, in which the principal workers are interested. Charles Scribner's two sons, both young men, were thought to derive a disproportionate advantage from the title of the periodical, which was changed, therefore, to The Century, the Scribner interest being purchased at the same time.

In addition to the general magazinists, Henry James, Frank R. Stockton, George W. Cable, Mark Twain, H. H. Boyesen, Brander Mathews, Charles De Kay, Maurice Thompson, Edith M. Thomas, Joel Chandler Harris, Constance F. Woolson, Henry E. Bunner, Edward Eggleston, Julian Hawthorne, James Whitcomb Riley, Bret Harte, Margaret J. Preston and Frances Hodgson Burnett are frequent contributors. Richard Watson Gilder is the editor, and an excellent one. The Century's figures are as generous as those of Harper's, and as variable. The rivalry of the two periodicals has increased prices and elevated the quality of magazine work, both illustrations and letterpress. They cover a field that ordinarily a dozen or more monthlies would, and by this fact would seem to discourage similar enterprises. But really they do not. So many stories are told of the extraordinary profits of these two that new ventures of the same kind are stimulated. More than half a dozen magazines have been undertaken—most of them have failed—in consequence of their extraordinary success. Scribner's is one of the new magazines. The feeling of the young men in the firm of Charles Scribner's Sons was that they had been unjustly crowded out of the older publication. Consequently they resolved to enter into competition with the older magazine as soon as the five years specified in the terms of the sale should pass. They tried to keep their purpose secret, but they could not, as their preparations were actively going on, and at the end of the sixth year, being all ready, they issued their magazine under favorable auspices. It is now three years old, and has a circulation, it is said, in excess of 100,000.

It is cheaper than The Century or Harper's, being sold at twenty-five cents a copy, and is illustrated, though less elaborately than they. It has not interfered at all, I am told, with the success of The Century, nor does the extraordinary success of The Century interfere with it. The remarkable prosperity of one periodical seems to create a demand for more periodicals by increasing the public interest in them and the taste for reading them. Scribner's has introduced several attractions—a fresh lot of Thackeray's letters was one of these—and is generally an adroit caterer to its legidence. Edward L. Burlingame, the editor, appears to be highly qualified for his place, which he fills and fits exactly. Scribner's figures for manuscript vary very little, if any, from those of the older city magazines, though they spend less on special features. A great many persons have thought that its entering the field against so formidable rivals was very rash; but its publishers say that they have far exceeded their anticipations. There has been no quarrel between The Century and Scribner's; but it is altogether probable that under the circumstances their love for one another is not illimitable.

The Cosmopolitan is another illustrated twenty-five cent monthly, which now claims a circulation of from 70,000 to 75,000, and to be steadily gaining. It was started at Rochester, in this state, five years ago, and removed hither, the publishers afterward failing. Since then it has passed through several hands, and is now owned and edited by John Brisben Walker, reputed to be wealthy, having made much money at Denver, Colo., in real estate. It publishes in each issue a complete novel, which occupies most of its space, and is said to be a taking feature. Its usual rate for contributions is $10 to $15 per thousand words.

A still newer magazine, not illustrated, is Belford's, three years old, Robert Belford, editor, having a circulation, it is said, of 25,000, largely in the south. Many of its writers are new to the public, but they choose readable subjects and treat them well. A long story appears in each number, and is supposed to constitute its chief attraction.

Lippincott's, published by the J. B. Lippincott company, Philadelphia, originated the complete novel feature four or five years since, and its success has induced other monthlies to adopt it. Its contributors are many of them New Yorkers, with a considerable local representation, and they are paid liberally, as prices for literature go. The magazine, not illustrated, is twenty-two years old, and its actual circulation is set down at 35,000 to 40,000. Its present editor and manager is J. M. Stoddart, to whom its recent large increase is ascribed. Most of its novels are by Julian Hawthorne, Edgar Fawcett, Edgar Saltus, Amelie Rives, Maud Howe, William Henry Bishop, H. H. Boyesen, John Habberton, Charles Barnard, Sidney Luska, and other New Yorkers.

These are the principal mature magazines of national fame, though there are five times as many of local repute, a number of them firmly established. I do not mention The North American, The Forum and the new Arena, of Boston, for they, being reviews, have nothing in common with the magazines, nearly every one of which is issued by a publishing firm. While these pay better than books do, no one can begin to live by writing for them, or, indeed, by doing any kind of pure literary work.

JUNIUS HENRI BROWNE.

Notes from New York.

NEW YORK, Dec. 23.—The mistresses of a thousand homes in New York city are at their wits' ends in the matter of servant girls. They are obliged to choose between insolence, incompetence and exorbitant wages. Even the exorbitant wages are apt to fail, because of the short supply of competent girls. The situation is so bad that young girls who have had only a month or two of experience in a small family do not hesitate to leave a good mistress without warning, so sure are they of getting employment elsewhere without the loss of a day. If a thousand of the intelligent young women who lead a miserable existence in shops would turn their talent to account as housekeepers they would find their efforts better appreciated than ever before, could live comfortably without sacrificing their self respect, and could save money.

In New York the hotel still reigns supreme. The flat still thrusts itself upon the sight everywhere, but it is rapidly losing ground in favor of the hotel. The most modern apartment house is in fact a family hotel. The genealogy of the apartment house hotel is after this fashion: First there were houses, and people who did not have a house of their own boarded with some one who did; then, to accommodate people who didn't want to board and who would not be bothered with the care of a large establishment, some long headed person invented the flat. And when people began to tire of the inconvenience of cooking, washing and ironing in such cramped quarters some genius evolved the model apartment house, of which each suite is a complete house without the kitchen, one big kitchen serving for all the occupants. This might be called the multum in parvo of modern domesticity. You have just enough and not too much room for your family, and if you want to set out instantly for the ends of the earth all you have to do is to lock the hall door, give the key to the janitor and start. C. D.

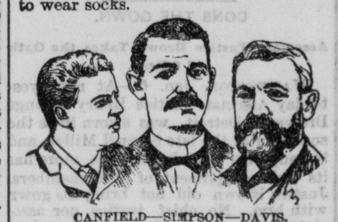
The Princess Victoria of Prussia is an expert performer on the piano and banjo, a good talker and can drive a horse as well as a jockey can.

THREE NEW KANSAS MEN.

Two Are Elected to Congress and the Other May Be Senator.

One of the possibilities—even probabilities—arising from the senatorial complication in Kansas is the nomination and election by the Farmers' Alliance of Professor James H. Canfield, late president of the National Educational association, to fill Senator John J. Ingalls' senatorial seat. The Alliance leaders are quietly working for him. The Alliance Tribune, at Topeka, the official state organ of the Alliance, is also very active and open in his support. Professor Canfield is about 43 years old, a native of Delaware and a graduate of Williams college in the class of '68. He practiced law in Michigan in the early seventies. In 1877 he was called to a professorship in the Kansas State university. He now occupies the chair of American history and civics.

Capt. Jerry Simpson, the congressman elect from the Seventh Kansas district, is a native of New Brunswick, and at 14 years of age he went to sea. He was mate of a large bark at 22, and thirteen years ago left the "briny" and sought the rolling prairie of Kansas. Simpson's last vessel was wrecked off Ludington, on Lake Michigan, and all on board were saved through the heroism of the captain. Capt. Jerry is now a farmer and is known as the "Sockless Statesman." It is said that a feature of his campaign (he was the Farmer Alliance candidate) was ocular demonstration to the yeomanry that he was a poor man and could not afford to wear socks.



CANFIELD—SIMPSON—DAVIS.

Hon. John Davis, congressman elect from the Fifth Kansas congressional district, in a recent interview expressed himself as being a socialist in the best sense of the word—"a socialist," he says, "of the highest type." Mr. Davis also favors government control and ownership of the railroads, and advocates the exercise of "eminent domain" to get them. This, he explains, is not "confiscation, but justice," for the railroads are public highways, and hence public property. Mr. Davis is about 65 years old. He is a native of Illinois and lived for many years a neighbor to Abraham Lincoln, from whom, he says, he got many of his political ideas. He ran for congress twice on the Greenback ticket, but never cut much of a figure before this year. Mrs. Davis is a sister of Maj. Powell, of the United States geological survey. Mr. Davis, with his son Charles, publishes The Junction City (Kan.) Tribune.

Greens for Christmas.

This is the season when many people thrive by furnishing green branches and shrubs for holiday use. The trees most in demand for decorative purposes are the spruce, pine, cedar, cypress, hemlock and balsam fir, and the shrubs and vines are laurel, ivy, arbor vitæ, arbutus and ground pine. Many of these pieces, when prettily garnished with red swamp cranberries and wintergreen berries, sell for good prices.

A Scrap of Paper Saves Her Life.

It was just an ordinary scrap of wrapping paper, but it saved her life. She was in the last stages of consumption, told by physicians that she was incurable and could live only a short time; she weighed less than seventy pounds. On a piece of wrapping paper she read of Dr. King's New Discovery, and got a sample bottle; it helped her, she bought a large bottle, it helped her more, bought another and grew better fast, continued its use and is now strong, healthy, rosy, plump, weighing 140 pounds. For other particulars send stamp to W. H. Cole, Druggist, Fort Smith. Trial Bottles of this wonderful Discovery Free at Baltzly's drugstore. 4

BUCKLEN'S ARNICA SALVE.

The best salve in the world for cuts, bruises sores, ulcers, salt rheum, fever sores, tetter, chapped hands, chilblains, corns, and all skin eruptions, and positively cures piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Z. T. Baltzly.

CAPT. JOHANN ORTH.

How An Austrian Archduke Gave Up His Station.

Kings have abdicated and lived long in peaceful retirement; dukes have flung away their coronets and nobles occasionally gone into common business, while the cases of high born ladies renouncing the pomps and vanities to enter convents have been many. But such is the average man's infatuation that any renunciation of rank by a man always creates amazement, and no recent case excited more than that of Archduke Johann of Austria, who, on the 19th of September, 1890, passed his examination preliminary to becoming a captain on the high seas, and a little later resigned all his Hapsburg titles and dignities.

It was partly for love that he did all this, but the case has had a sad termination, for "Capt. Johann Orth," as he became, and his lovely wife now lie at the bottom of the sea. The archduke had always fretted against the rigid restraints of Austrian etiquette, had insisted on making the Austrian army more democratic, and won his rank of lieutenant field marshal by hard work at study and drill. He wrote much on popular studies and made an exhaustive scientific study of spiritualism. At length he fell in love with Ludmilla Stubel, a Viennese danseuse. He gave up all his dignities, married her, and became plain Capt. Orth, of the merchantman Santa Margaretha.

CAPT. JOHANN ORTH.

Last July he sailed from Valparaiso, with his wife on board, having a cargo for Ensenada. The vessel never arrived, but the wreck has been sighted off Cape Horn, and the relatives and insurance men have given her up for lost. It is barely possible that the captain and crew have escaped, but there is little hope.

Crushed limestone for walks. Large or small quantities. Inquire of J. V. R. Skinner.

Eupepsy.

This is what you ought to have, in fact you must have it, to fully enjoy life. Thousands are searching for it daily, and mourning because they find it not. Thousands upon thousands of dollars are spent annually by our people in the hope they may attain this boon. And yet it may be had by all. We guarantee that Electric Bitters, if used according to directions and the use persisted in, will bring you Good Digestion and oust the demon Dyspepsia and install instead Eupepsy. We recommend Electric Bitters for Dyspepsia and all diseases of Liver, Stomach and Kidneys. Sold at 50c. and $1.00 per bottle at Baltzly's Drug store. 4

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Is the positive verdict of the people who take Hood's Sarsaparilla. When used according to directions the good effects of this excellent medicine are soon felt in nerve strength restored, that tired feeling driven off, a good appetite created, headache and dyspepsia relieved, scrofula cured and all the bad effects of impure blood overcome. For a good blood purifier take Hood's Sarsaparilla.

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